

WHOLE NO 1795

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, 801 S. Commercial, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Secretary Public Office second floor over R. S. Jewell's store. South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon Ohio. J. H. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. W. H. KIRKLAND, Homeopathic Practitioner, Office No. 55 East Main street, Massillon, Ohio. Office open day and night.

HARDWARE.

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTURERS.

RUSSELL & CO., Manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Tractor Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, etc.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Corbett & Son, Proprietors, Manufacturers of superior quality of Merchant Bar and Corn-plate Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, Manufacturers of Glass, Hollow Ware, Beer bottles, Flasks, etc.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO., Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

GROCERIES.

D. ATWATER & SON, Established in 1882. Forwarding and Commission Merchant and dealer in all kinds of Country Produce, was house in Atwater's Block, Exchange street.

JEWELERS.

F. VON KANEL, East Side Jewelry Store, East Main street.

JOSEPH COLEMAN, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc., No. 5 South Erie street.

B. & B.

Submitted.

Autumn and Winter Dress Goods and Suitings—foreign and American—that we candidly believe to be beyond any we've ever known in Dress Goods value. Styles and colorings of the American goods are perfect reproductions of the high-class and high-cost imported ones, and at prices that astonish the most conservative buyers.

Come, or send for samples and see for yourself the great American achievements in dress fabrics as well as the artistic and high-class foreign goods at prices never so low.

All Wool Suitings.

Checked Mixtures, American made; greys, browns, etc., 32 inches wide—almost a yard, 22c a yard.

Extraordinary, 32 inch Storm Serge, Navy only—correct shade, 20c a yard.

36 inch Chameleon, Jacquard Suitings, newest and best Autumn shades and combinations—perfect fac-similes of high-class goods—36 inches wide, 35c.

New two-toned Picote Armure Suitings, beautiful, refined effects in choicest color mixtures—seven different styles—36 inches wide, 37½c.

Two lines Boucle Suitings, solid colors and fancy mixtures—distinctively new in both design and colors—full yard wide, 45c a yard.

50 pieces 50-inch Suitings, 65c—away beyond values usually offered—we want everybody to see, and everybody who sees we believe will buy.

Large assortments of fine Dress Goods, Suitings and Novelties. 50c to \$5.00. Goods that have one and a half character; and the large variety of choice Suitings—foreign, have a distinctive foreign look to them, at \$1.00 and \$1.50 will win on their merits, and interest your pocketbook.

BOGGS & BUEL,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

A Storm at Sea.
Increases the discomfort of the voyager. But even when the weather is not tempestuous he is liable to sea sickness. They who traverse the "gigantic wetness" should be provided with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which quiet disordered stomachs with gratifying speed and certainty. To the hurtful influence of a tropic, malarious or too rigorous of damp climate, as well as to the baneful effects of unwholesome diet and bad water, it is a reliable antidote. Commercial travelers by sea or land, mariners, miners, western pioneers, and all who have to encounter vicissitudes of climate and temperature, concur in pronouncing it the best safeguard. It prevents the consequence of damp and cold, and it is an efficient defense against all forms of malaria. It can be depended upon in dyspepsia, liver and kidney trouble.

Farm, For Sale.
I will sell my farm, consisting of 122 acres, located 1 mile north-east of Bolivar, in Bethlehem township, Stark county. This farm is under a good state of cultivation; soil is a very rich, sandy loam; good new buildings; three good wells; young orchard, all kinds of fruit. The said farm will rent for 7 per cent. annually on the investment. For further particulars, call on the owner, Geo. H. Koehler.

Entertainment committees will find just what they want in the way of invitations and programs, at THE INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

STILL AFTER STUART.

Culberson Hot on the Fight Promoter's Trail.

WARRANTS SERVED ON THE SPORTS

Brady and the Others Summoned to Testify Before the Austin Grand Jury. Arkansas Governor Seems to Favor a Mill at Hot Springs.

DALLAS, Oct. 9.—It looks as if the glove contest affair has reached the war-to-the-knife stage so far as Governor Culberson and Attorney General Crane are concerned. Attachment papers have been received by Sheriff Cable from Austin and served on W. K. Wheelock, secretary of the Florida Athletic club, and W. A. Brady, manager of James J. Corbett. They will also be served on Martin Julian, manager of Bob Fitzsimmons, and Joe Vendig. These parties are summoned as witnesses before the Travis county grand jury.

Mr. Stuart's friends say that it is now clear that the governor and the attorney



DAN A. STUART.

ney general are not so fiercely after prizefighters as they are after Dan Stuart, whom, for political reasons, they have determined to crush if there is sufficient power in their positions.

The friends of Mr. Stuart say that the very fact that Stuart is not summoned before the Travis county grand jury shows that his testimony is not desired, but rather testimony against him. They claim that the governor and attorney general have trumped up an old, musty law, which they hope to make serve their purpose. It is article 980, title 18, chapter 1, penal code of Texas, which provides, "A conspiracy entered into in this state for the purpose of committing a felony in any other of the states or territories of the United States or in any foreign territory shall be punished in the same manner as if the conspiracy so entered into was to commit the offense in this state."

The penalty for such conspiracy under the Texas criminal code is "Confinement in the penitentiary for no less than two nor more than five years."

The meeting to select and settle upon the battlefield has not yet picked out a place.

A Little Rock special says: "You can say that I would not convene the legislature in special session to stop it if they were to fight in the state house yard." Governor Clarke used this language in conversation with your representative in reference to his probable action in the event that the Corbett-Fitzsimmons contest should be advertised to take place in Hot Springs. Said he: "It looks, though, as if they mean to bring it off at Hot Springs, sure enough. City Attorney Martin of Hot Springs is in Dallas negotiating with the managers of the affair, and this indicates beyond doubt that Hot Springs wants it, and they will very likely get it."

"My position in this regard is well known. You may say that I will do everything in my power to prevent the fight; that I will go as far as the law, as it stands, gives me authority and no farther."

"Personally I am opposed to pugilism. The legislature passed an act making prizefighting a felony. I was in the legislature at that time and voted for the bill. But the people were not satisfied with that law, for the very next session repealed it and enacted in its stead a law reducing the offense to a misdemeanor. That is the law now, and it will be enforced."

A New York special says: A dispatch has been received from London, saying: "Mirror of Life agrees to bring off Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight; offers of \$1,000 to fight in England, the principals to select their own referees. One thousand pounds will be placed in the hands of A. L. Smith as a guarantee by Mirror of Life that the fight will take place."

A copy of this cablegram was telegraphed to both Corbett and Fitzsimmons, and an early answer from the pugilists is expected. It is said that the National Sporting club is behind the offer of Mirror of Life.

Melbourne, Australia, enters the list as a possible scene of the battle between Jim Corbett and Fitzsimmons. A cable from the Melbourne Evening News received here says that reliable people there have formed a syndicate and are prepared to offer a purse of \$20,000, allowing the contestants to rearrange a date that suits their convenience. Information to this effect was wired to Dan Stuart. W. A. Brady and Martin Julian at Dallas, Tex.

Killed by a Powder Explosion.

LEADVILLE, Colo., Oct. 9.—James Moore has been instantly killed, and Doc Morrison fatally injured by an explosion of giant powder in a shaft of the Matchless mine.

THE DURRANT TRIAL.

Two Important Witnesses Give Testimony for the Defense.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—The most important witness in the Durrant case was Charles T. Lenahan, the young man whom the defense contends was mistaken for Durrant by Pawnbroker Oppenheim. Lenahan, who does not bear a striking resemblance to the prisoner, said on April 3 he attempted to pawn a small diamond ring, similar to the one worn by Blanche Lamont, at Oppenheim's shop. The witness said that he asked Oppenheim the same questions and received the same answers that Oppenheim quoted in relating the conversation he had with the young man whom Oppenheim testified was Durrant. Then came a surprise to the defense, which contracted nearly all of the strength gained from witness' testimony. Lenahan said he tried to pawn the ring in the afternoon, while Oppenheim testified that Durrant entered his shop in the morning. W. Dukes, a student at Cooper Medical college, who was expected to give strong evidence for the prosecution, gave disappointing testimony.

Dukes said that Durrant asked him if he could remember that he attended Dr. Cheney's lecture on the afternoon of October 3, and to that end recalled a number of incidents said to have taken place at the time. Although Dukes' seat in the lecture room was next to Durrant, Dukes could not remember whether Durrant was there or not, and told him so. Dukes said it was untrue, as had been reported, that Durrant asked him as a favor today that he attended the lecture. On the contrary, Dukes said that Durrant told him he wished him to testify only to the facts as he remembered them.

In the case of Miss Carrie Cunningham, a newspaper reporter, who refused to disclose the source of certain information relative to the nature of Mrs. Leak's testimony, Judge Murphy ruled that the witness was right in refusing to answer the questions. Miss Cunningham was, therefore, not punished for contempt.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

New Orleans Makes a Bid for the Next Meeting—Business Transacted.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 9.—In the house of bishops of the Episcopal convention a favorable committee report was made on the proposals for the division of the dioceses of Maryland, Kentucky and California. A resolution separating the missionary jurisdiction of Wyoming and Idaho into two jurisdictions was referred.

A committee was named to report suitable action on the Armenian atrocities. The house of deputies decided by 55 to 37 in favor of the term "Bishop Coadjutors" instead of "Assistant Bishops."

The reluctance of the house of deputies to alter the report of the constitutional revision committee appeared again when two amendments were brought against the proposed pluralizing the word "consent" all through the documents and the other disapproved of the proposal to give dioceses under certain condition the right to cede parts of their territory and erect therein missionary jurisdictions. The latter proposition, introduced by Judge Fairbanks of Florida, will be pushed nevertheless.

The invitation of New Orleans for the next convention presented by H. D. Forsythe, made the fourth one received.

A. R. F. Active in the South.

ATLANTA, Oct. 9.—It develops here that the American Railway union is making a quiet but vigorous campaign in the south. J. M. Welter of Baltimore, is now in Atlanta and reports that he is making a tour of this section, organizing lodges of the American Railway union in many of the largest cities where there are a number of railroad employes. He says he is here by order of President Debs and expects to place the organization on a firm basis before he again returns north.

French Capture the Hovas' Capital.

PORT LOUIS, Oct. 9.—Advices received here from the island of Madagascar announce that the French expeditionary force, which has been advancing upon the capital for many weeks past, captured Antananarivo on the 27th. The prime minister and the court, it is added, fled to Ambosiara. The news was brought to the coast by couriers from Vatomaudry on Sept. 30.

Ochs Re-Elected Mayor.

CHATTANOOGA, Oct. 9.—There is great rejoicing in this city among Democrats over the re-election of George W. Ochs as mayor and the election of five out of eight aldermen.

The Weather.

Fair; northwesterly winds, shifting to southerly; slightly warmer this evening.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Chicago labor organizations propose a reception to Debs on his release from jail.

Counterfeit \$5 silver certificates are circulating in Boston. The bill is good except the portrait of Grant.

Officer Anderson, who shot and killed John Burns, was arraigned before Squire Henderson at Huntington, W. Va. The case was continued.

The fourth annual convention of the Commercial Travelers' Home Association assembled at Buffalo. Two thousand delegates are expected.

The Ancient and Honorable Artillery of Boston decorated the graves of the federal and Confederate soldiers who are buried at Richmond, Va.

Sam Childless, jealous of his sweet-heart, tried to kill her at Bering Park, Tenn. An officer interfered and in the struggle Childless was killed.

Rooted the Insurgents.

MADRID, Oct. 9.—Advices received here from Havana state that the Spaniards have met a band of 300 insurgents at Palmasorino led by Castillo. The insurgents were routed, three being killed and many wounded. The Spaniards sustained no loss.

WELCOMED THE BELL.

The Historic Relic Installed at Atlanta's Exposition.

50,000 AWAITED IT'S COMING.

Patriotic Southerners Enthusiasm Over the Ancient Proclaimer of Liberty—Military Escort Led It From the Depot to the Pennsylvania Building Today.

ATLANTA, Oct. 9.—Never before was such homage paid to the old Liberty bell, or for that matter to any relic of any character in this country as was bestowed upon the revolutionary treasure on its arrival here. Fifty thousand people lined the railroad tracks from the city limits to the Union station. Every homestead, car, telegraph pole and bridge was a point of vantage for cheering spectators.

The official reception of the bell occurred at the exposition this morning. At 9 o'clock a parade escorted the bell from the depot. Military companies first marched past and saluted.

After them came the Liberty bell with an escort from the governor's household. Then followed the special escort from Philadelphia, with the mayor and city council of Atlanta and the exposition board.

The line of march was out Peachtree street to Fourteenth street, where the procession was met by Governor's band and then proceeded to the exposition.

In front of the Pennsylvania building the bell stopped and was removed to one of the porches and the military was dismissed. An elaborate program then followed. "America" was sung by 2,000 school children.

GOV. MACCORKLE TALKS.

He Defends the Management of West Virginia Institutions.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Oct. 9.—Governor Maccorkle is out in an official interview defending the management of the state insane asylums. The governor says, concerning the Western asylum that "it is the best run institution of its kind in the country."

The governor says the complainants are soreheads, and he will not order an investigation. It is the Western asylum that twice during the last 60 days has had to pay for corpses sent out for burial, and returned unclaimed, because the western officials did not give the matter proper attention and notified wrong parties that their relations were dead.

Concerning the Spencer asylum, the governor admits that a sister of one of the directors has been appointed matron; the son of another director, the brother-in-law of another, is attending that goods for the institution are bought at the store of another director, and that patients have been kicked and cuffed by attendants. He then says that he has ordered a public investigation on Oct. 25, but nothing of what is charged can be proved.

MRS. WALLER COMING.

She Will Arrive in New York Saturday to Settle in Iowa.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Mrs. Waller, wife of ex-United States Consul General Waller, now imprisoned by the French government, will arrive in New York Saturday and steps are being taken to have her met by representatives of the state department. Her son, Paul Bray, will also go to meet her. She is accompanied by her young children, the family having made the long journey from Madagascar by way of Paris. Relief funds for her have been raised in Kansas, Iowa and Washington and these will be available for her support after the landing.

Thus far she has been helped homeward by private contributions, the state department aiding her from Madagascar to France and Ambassador Eustis advancing the funds for her trip to New York. Eustis, who is a young American in Madagascar, supplied her immediate needs until assistance was rendered by the state department. It is expected she will settle in Iowa.

LAWYERS GET BIG SLICES.

The Mora Claim to Be Paid Tomorrow. Mora Gets \$700,000.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—It is expected that the state department, which is the custodian of the funds paid by Spain on the Mora claim, will pay the money to the different parties interested tomorrow. The amount finally agreed on for Antonio Maximo Mora, principal in the claim, is \$365,095. This sum has been reduced somewhat by assignments, and the actual amount to be paid Mr. Mora will be slightly above \$700,000.

The next payment of importance will be \$287,000 to Dr. Jose I. Rodriguez, who has been the attorney of Mr. Mora since the inception of the case in 1875. A further amount, approximately \$285,000, will be devoted to the payment of Mr. Nathaniel Page, who was at one time an attorney in the case, or to those to whom he may have assigned his interest.

ONE HUNDRED DROWNED.

A Raft Capsizes on the River Oka, in Russia.

Moscow, Oct. 9.—News has been received here of the capsizing of a raft on the river Oka, near Ozyer, drowning 100 persons.

No further word can be obtained for some time, owing to the lack of telegraph facilities in that neighborhood.

General Landrum Ill.

DANVILLE, Ky., Oct. 9.—General William J. Landrum, distinguished as a soldier in the Mexican and civil war and a personal friend of General Grant, is ill beyond recovery at his home in Lancaster. He is 67 years old.

DEATH OF GENERAL MAHONE.

He Succumbed to a Fatal Attack of Paralysis at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—General Mahone has finally succumbed to his fatal attack of paralysis and now lies dead in this city.

General Mahone was born in Virginia, Dec. 1, 1826. He was graduated from the Virginia Military institute, and engaged in civil engineering. When the war broke out he joined the Confederacy, raising the Sixth regiment, Virginia infantry. In March, 1864, he was made a brigadier general. After the war he resumed his profession, but soon drifted into politics, and when the agitation arose for the readjustment of the debt which was on, pressing the Old Dominion, General Mahone became leader of that faction of the Democratic party which was afterward called "Readjuster," which favored the partial repudiation of the state debt and its readjustment on lines which would enable the state to pay it. He formed a fusion with the Republicans of Virginia, and in 1879 the Readjusters carried the state and General Mahone was elected upon the fusion ticket to the senate. He served in the senate until 1887, when he was defeated for re-election.

For his affiliation with the Republicans in the senate, General Mahone was found himself practically ostracized in Virginia. Former friends greeted him coldly, and even the friends of his wife could not stand by him on the street. This social and business boycott brought General Mahone to bankruptcy. Last winter he essayed to sell to the government a piece of land in Washington. Had he succeeded, his failing fortunes might have been retrieved. But the opposition met with at the hands of southern senators and representatives was so relentless that nothing could be done, and General Mahone, to save the rights of his creditors, made an assignment.

TO IMPROVE THE OHIO.

Prominent People Named as Officers at the Cincinnati Convention.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 9.—Over 300 delegates are attending the interstate convention for the improvement of the Ohio river. After the temporary organization, addresses of welcome and response, the permanent organization was completed as follows: President, John L. Vance, Gallipolis; secretary, E. P. Wilson, Cincinnati; vice presidents, John F. Dravo, Pittsburg; W. A. Maccorkle, governor of West Virginia; Paris C. Brown, Cincinnati; Louis Hite, Louisville; J. F. Ingle, Madison, Ind.; W. P. Halliday, Cairo, Ill.; Ralph Leete, Ironton, O. Committee on resolutions, C. W. Batchelor, Pittsburg; Charles Muhlenberg, Hannibal, Mo.; S. W. Shaw, Parkersburg, W. Va.; J. D. Dana, Charleston, W. Va.; H. J. Thompson, Portsmouth, Ky.; J. C. Hopkins, Catlettsburg, Ky.; R. R. Rea, Madison, Ind.; John Gilbert, Evansville, Ind.; A. P. Speed, Louisville; W. P. Halliday, Cairo, Ill.; R. W. Wise, Cincinnati; John S. Shaw, Pittsburg; A. A. Franzheim, Wheeling; John W. Bryant, New Orleans; John F. Dravo, Pittsburg.

Addresses were made by many delegates favoring the improvement of the Ohio river from Pittsburg to Cairo, Ill., and many resolutions were offered. In addition to asking congress for an appropriation for this improvement the resolutions cover special needs at certain points. The convention continues three days.

Hahn Won't Back Pittsburg.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 9.—Hon. W. H. Hahn, secretary of the Republican national committee, replying to citizens of Pittsburg who desire the national convention apply, I shall favor holding the convention in my state. Further than this he would not commit himself. The letters show that Pittsburg has a strong organization and is backed by Senator Quay. Mr. Hahn thinks the committee will meet some time this month.

Stanley Succeeds Dilatash.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 9.—Governor McKinley has appointed George W. Stanley of Lebanon, Warren county, to be co-mun pleas judge to succeed Judge Dilatash and serve until his successor is elected. It is understood that Mr. Stanley will not be a candidate for the Republican nomination to serve out the whole term of Judge Dilatash.

SMALL OHIO HAPPENINGS.

Mrs. John Dicker was bitten by a terrier about two weeks ago at Columbus and is now dying of hydrophobia. The state insurance commissioner has admitted the Commercial Union Fire Insurance company of New York to do business in Ohio.

An epidemic of hog cholera is prevalent in the south part of Delaware township, Hancock county, and upwards of 400 hogs have died as a result.

M. C. Clay, the alleged defaulting treasurer of Lawrence county, was leased under \$5,000 bond. Clay's relatives are the principal securities.

John Miles and Robert Turner, who attempted to shoot a minister near Proctorville, O., while he was preaching, were arrested at Huntington and taken back. The men's Sabbath school class, after being overpowered by a mob of church members, will organize this week for the purpose of eradicating the saloons of the city.

Jacob Keller, who killed Grant Love, at Ripley, is charged with murder in the first degree, and has been committed to jail without bail to await the action of the grand jury.

William Rider, charged with stealing a horse and buggy from Thomas Trainor of Vienna, was arrested at Mt. Sterling, Madison county. Rider had disposed of the buggy to the man he was working for, but had the horse.

William H. Day, an ex-convict, was arrested near London. A charge of forgery is pending against him at Springfield. It is alleged that he secured the passbook of James A. Brown, and forged his name and secured \$200 from the Springfield Savings society.

A special train bearing officials of the Pennsylvania road was derailed at the crossing east of Bucyrus. A train on another road had the right of way, and the block signals were set against the special. The engineer set his airbrakes, but they failed to hold. No one was hurt.

CUBANS NEED OUR AID.

Palma Receives a Letter From a Rebel General.

ARMS AND AMMUNITION WANTED.

Cuba's Independence Is Near at Hand, If These Can Be Secured—Nothing With Which to Arm Recruits—An Earnest Appeal For Help.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—General Joseph Rodriguez of the Cuban army, in a letter to President Palma of the Junta, repeats the declaration that the revolutionists need only arms and ammunition to assure the triumph of their cause and earnestly pleads that the United States give them aid. Rodriguez, who is chief of staff for General Kolofo, says: "We are completing the reorganization of the main body of our army in Los Villas. We have divided it into two divisions—one division under General Soriano Sanchez, the other under General Suarez. Each division is formed of two brigades, which are again subdivided, one into two columns of cavalry and one of infantry and the other in one of infantry and two of cavalry."

"Every day hundreds of young men from towns and villages flock to our ranks, but unfortunately we have no arms or ammunition for them, and though full of zeal and patriotism, they are unable to aid our cause. We want arms and ammunition badly and we hope that the United States will not forbid the shipping of arms as merchandise from its ports. Had we arms and ammunition, believe me, the war would not last very long and in a short time Cuba would achieve her independence. It is only a question of time in any case. Trauma is as sure, but that triumph would dawn all the sooner if arms could be sent to us from the United States with the full permission of its government."

"Why should the United States restrict our movements or detain the hour of our freedom? The quicker the realization of our liberties the greater the advantage to the United States. Commercial intercourse between Cuba and the United States would be greatly augmented. Now it is narrowed by the selfishness of Spain. Apart from sympathetic reasons, the business aspect of the question should appeal most strongly to the government of the United States for recognition and satisfaction. Get the United States to permit our friends under its flag to ship us arms and ammunition, and before you realize it there will be another free republic in America."

CUBANS WANT RECOGNITION.

They Will Ask For It When Congress Assembles.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Gonzales de Quesada, secretary of the Cuban revolutionary party, with headquarters in New York, has been in Washington on private business. He did not see Secretary Olney, nor were any steps taken toward securing the recognition of the Cuban insurgents as belligerents. Mr. Quesada had come on to attend the trial of the Cuban filibusters at Wilmington and extended his trip to Washington to see friends.

The policy of the Cubans in seeking recognition of the United States has been outlined substantially as follows: No application will be made to the executive branch of the government until congress assembles.

An Engineer Fails Train Robbers.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Oct. 9.—An attempt has been made to hold up the Grand Rapids and Indiana northbound passenger train two miles north of this city. The engine opened the throttle and rushed through the band of robbers, which consisted of four men. The headlights were extinguished and the cab was riddled with bullets, and shots were fired into the baggage car, but no one was injured.

Catholic Becomes a Presbyterian.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The West End Presbyterian church, at Amsterdam avenue and One Hundred and Fifth street, has formally received into its membership Don Manuel Farnado of Castile, a member of one of the oldest Spanish families. He has renounced the Roman Catholic church and has been enrolled as a student at the Union Theological seminary.

Indianapolis Goes Democratic.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 9.—The municipal contest excited much interest here and a full vote was polled. The returns give Taggart, Democrat, candidate for mayor, a majority over Truster, Republican, of over 3,000. The Republican committee and candidates concede Mr. Taggart's election by a healthy majority.

TO FREE CHINESE WOMEN.

A Chinaman Gets Out Writs of Habeas Corpus at Atlanta.

A CELESTIAL ANNEX.

EDITH SESSIONS TUPPER'S IMPRESSIONS IN DARKEST SAN FRANCISCO.

A Spot Upon Civilization—The Chinese Spect of a Great City—The Chinese Theater—An Infamous Resort—Heavenly Characteristics—A Nightmare.

[Special Correspondence.] SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 25.—"If you want to go through Chinatown and see it thoroughly and in all its phases, get Billy Glennon to take you," was the advice tendered me by those who know the ropes.

So I sought Mr. William Glennon, who for ten years was a police officer in Chinatown and who now is the detective of the Palace hotel. Glennon is a veritable Beau Brummel in appearance, manner and dress. He boasts of having conducted more distinguished visitors through Chinatown than any other policeman.



MURDERERS' ALLEY. Liceman in San Francisco. His watch chain sports a handsome locket, given him by Henry Irving as a souvenir of the actor's trip, and ladies of all ranks and professions, from Mrs. Harrison to Amelia Rives, have been his proteges on visits to the most picturesque quarter of San Francisco.

An Individual Town. In the first place, Chinatown is really a little city by itself, a town weird, curious and bristling with these weird, curious folks who in ceaselessly running hither and thither remind one of nothing so much as an army of black beetles, hurrying about, disappearing suddenly in the ground and as suddenly bobbing up again. There are 30,000 of these black beetles in Chinatown, and every one of them is out after mischief. You step from the crowded, modern American streets of San Francisco straight into a city of hundreds of thousands of Chinese. The streets are filled with a mass of people, some of whom are dressed in the most elaborate and costly of Chinese robes, and others in the most shabby and tattered of rags. The air is thick with the smell of food, and the sound of voices is constant. The scene is one of a busy, bustling, and somewhat chaotic community.

The first thing I saw in Chinatown was a man in a white shirt and dark trousers, who was walking with a swagger. He was looking at me with a curious expression, and I felt that he was trying to figure me out. I was walking down a narrow street, and the walls were covered with posters and notices. The air was thick with the smell of food, and the sound of voices was constant. The scene was one of a busy, bustling, and somewhat chaotic community.

When a Chinaman is sent to prison his one is shaved off. Of course this is a terrible disgrace. When he comes out, the first thing to be done is to get a cue and braid it in with the remains of his former glory. This is the way police officers discover jailbirds. In making an arrest they grab at the cue. If it comes off, they know they have a man with a past—a cue way of discovery, in fact. It is a mark of great disrespect to wear the cue coiled in the presence of superiors. The smartest one I saw in Chinatown was on the head of one of the most notorious highlanders in the quartet. It was at the entrance to Cum Quat alley, or Murderers' row, where more murders are committed than in any other street in Chinatown. "Look behind you quickly," whispered the detective. "There is one of the worst characters among the highlanders." I turned and looked at him. He was a dandy, that one—sleek, trim, jaunty, with wicked, bold eyes, a stare of insolent defiance and a don't-give-a-damn air. He was exquisitely tidy in his dress, and his portrait almost touched the ground. He nodded to Glennon, eyed our party contemptuously and strutted like a pompous young peacock.

At the Theater. The theater! Ah, there was the fun! The price of admission varies with the time of evening. We went in about 10 o'clock and paid four bits, as they say there, or 50 cents apiece. Chinamen go in early in the evening for 25 cents and later for 10 cents. If the play stops one minute before midnight the audience can demand and get its money back. No women are allowed on the floor of the theater. They sit in the boxes, while visitors go upon the stage and sit with the players. It is certainly a trial for one's nerves and sensibilities. There are no curtains, no flies, no wings. The musicians sit at the back of the stage with their coats off, keeping up a din with gongs, tom-toms, fiddles and cymbals which is simply infernal.

But, fearful as it is, it is as nothing

to the yells of the heavy villain or the shrill squawks of the victimized heroine. The actors paint their faces in the most frightful fashion. An Apache on for would not show such a variety of colors. The whole performance is like a hideous nightmare and funny beyond any expression. The Chinamen, though, take it very seriously, and the only ones who laughed were those who nudged each other to see me laugh. Any one who likes walks up from the audience and wanders in and out the dressing rooms at the back of the stage. Over the stage is the joshhouse of the actors and back of this their living rooms, for they never go out of the theater if they can avoid it. Chinamen have the most utter contempt for actors, and if they catch them on the streets and beat them until they are black in the face. "Him ki-ri. Him no good. Him actor man. Him paint him face. Him dress up all same woman," is the summary of their disdainful opinions of the numskull. Disapproval of which Mr. Glennon told me this amusing story of Irving: Among other places the great actor visited was a pawnshop where he bought a lot of beautiful Chinese curios, weapons and pipes. While he was buying he chatted with the Chinese pawnbroker about actors and received his opinion of their worthlessness with a quiet smile. As Irving went up the steps of the cellar shop Glennon turned to the pawnbroker and said: "Well, John, you have put your foot in it this time. That is the greatest English speaking actor on earth." John tore at his cue in horror and wailed: "Him actor man? Me believe him minister man. Me heap d—n fooler."

Baits for the Unwary. The opium joints! Notwithstanding the stringent statutes against this evil, there are 3,000 "hopheads," or "opium fiends," in San Francisco today and in Chinatown nearly 300 joints. This is the greatest evil this fair city has to deal with. A menace anywhere, it is here a positive threat. One of the most famous, or infamous, joints is that kept by "Blind Annie," who is one of the catchpenny fakes to delude the dimes out of tourists' pockets. "Blind Annie," with her "thousand cats," is the bait which lures the tenderfoot who fancies he is to behold a marvellous sight.

The joint is in a dingy room reached by a flight of stairs. It is a room of about 120 square feet. There is not a bit of ventilation. On a greasy, rotten bed sits the little old hag, fawning her four or five cats and a mungy, wheezy dog. She is so blind that she cannot see Detective Glennon's hand as he holds out a coin, which she eagerly clutches and mumbles over. This joint is frequented by white girls who wish to hit the pipe, and by many Chinese, who are waiting for the return of the "blind."

In one of the jail rooms, I saw and wanted to see a man, whom I had heard of as a notorious criminal. He was a large, dark-skinned man, with a thick mustache and a serious expression. He was sitting on a bench, looking down at his hands. He was wearing a simple, dark-colored shirt and trousers. The room was small and crowded, with other prisoners visible in the background.

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THE SOUTH OF TODAY

FACTS CONCERNING ITS RECENT GROWTH AND PROSPERITY.

Changes Since the War—Reckless Exaggeration—Its New Manufactures—An Indispensable School of Literature—Notes of the Atlanta Exhibition.

[Special Correspondence.] ATLANTA, Sept. 30.—Veterans of the Army of the Cumberland who on their way here attended the G. A. R. encampment at Louisville and the dedication at Chickamauga park tell me that all their other enjoyments are second to the interest they take in the amazing changes in the country. Among them is an unusually large proportion of private soldiers and men of moderate means—men who have traveled but little since the war—and to these men it is just as if a great panorama were unrolled before their eyes, the general view of 1864 giving place with one turn of the crank to the general view of 1895. They grow fiercely enthusiastic in talking of the great stock farms and lovely peach orchards on the line of the Bragg and Buell races in 1862, of the great iron furnaces northwest of Chattanooga and the manufacturing in that city, of the finely equipped railways and pretty passenger stations, and, most of all, of the bewildering stir and action of Atlanta, which was, aside from the military, but a dull place when they first saw it and mostly ruins when they left it.

Reckless Exaggeration. Now, in all this there is a deal of truth, but lest we blow the southern trumpet a little too loud it will be to begin with some cautionary statements of fact. It is first to be noted that the boys of 1864-5 saw all this country at its worst, not only because of war's desolation, but of their ignorance of the soil and its capacities. To a newcomer from the central northwest an old field in this middle south looks like a desert. In 1864 our regiment passed the summer at Bridgeport, Ala., and the boys were

in the 15 years from 1880 to 1895 the number of manufacturing establishments in the south, exclusive of Delaware, Maryland and Missouri, increased from 34,565 to 59,800, the capital invested from \$179,336,000 to \$550,000,000, the employees from 215,400 to 560,000 and the wages paid from \$62,148,872 to about \$200,000,000. In 1885 the total coal mined in this section was 2,598,736 tons, while this year the gentlemen named think the amount will grow near to ten times as much, of which nearly one-half will be from West Virginia. Many other interesting statements do these gentlemen make, but most of them are not of a nature to be verified by any means at command. For instance, the total value of farm products in 1880 was \$611,699,145, according to the census, and this year the optimists think it will be 50 per cent greater in value, while the pessimists hasten to add that if prices were good it would be 100 per cent greater, as the product is certainly doubled. At the same time they differ even more radically on this year's cotton crop, one school asserting that it isn't an ounce over 6,500,000 bales, and the man who sells for less than 10 cents will live to kick himself, and the other that it is nearer 8,000,000 and the man who does not sell well in it is up well to be sorry. But as neither party can prove anything let us, as Alonzo Alderson said, "anchor to the immutable past and not soar into the illimitable regions of ultra vires."

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[Special Correspondence.] ATLANTA, Sept. 30.—Veterans of the Army of the Cumberland who on their way here attended the G. A. R. encampment at Louisville and the dedication at Chickamauga park tell me that all their other enjoyments are second to the interest they take in the amazing changes in the country. Among them is an unusually large proportion of private soldiers and men of moderate means—men who have traveled but little since the war—and to these men it is just as if a great panorama were unrolled before their eyes, the general view of 1864 giving place with one turn of the crank to the general view of 1895. They grow fiercely enthusiastic in talking of the great stock farms and lovely peach orchards on the line of the Bragg and Buell races in 1862, of the great iron furnaces northwest of Chattanooga and the manufacturing in that city, of the finely equipped railways and pretty passenger stations, and, most of all, of the bewildering stir and action of Atlanta, which was, aside from the military, but a dull place when they first saw it and mostly ruins when they left it.

Reckless Exaggeration. Now, in all this there is a deal of truth, but lest we blow the southern trumpet a little too loud it will be to begin with some cautionary statements of fact. It is first to be noted that the boys of 1864-5 saw all this country at its worst, not only because of war's desolation, but of their ignorance of the soil and its capacities. To a newcomer from the central northwest an old field in this middle south looks like a desert. In 1864 our regiment passed the summer at Bridgeport, Ala., and the boys were

in the 15 years from 1880 to 1895 the number of manufacturing establishments in the south, exclusive of Delaware, Maryland and Missouri, increased from 34,565 to 59,800, the capital invested from \$179,336,000 to \$550,000,000, the employees from 215,400 to 560,000 and the wages paid from \$62,148,872 to about \$200,000,000. In 1885 the total coal mined in this section was 2,598,736 tons, while this year the gentlemen named think the amount will grow near to ten times as much, of which nearly one-half will be from West Virginia. Many other interesting statements do these gentlemen make, but most of them are not of a nature to be verified by any means at command. For instance, the total value of farm products in 1880 was \$611,699,145, according to the census, and this year the optimists think it will be 50 per cent greater in value, while the pessimists hasten to add that if prices were good it would be 100 per cent greater, as the product is certainly doubled. At the same time they differ even more radically on this year's cotton crop, one school asserting that it isn't an ounce over 6,500,000 bales, and the man who sells for less than 10 cents will live to kick himself, and the other that it is nearer 8,000,000 and the man who does not sell well in it is up well to be sorry. But as neither party can prove anything let us, as Alonzo Alderson said, "anchor to the immutable past and not soar into the illimitable regions of ultra vires."

Interesting as the exhibit is and important in a material point of view, I confess that I am still more interested in the great fact that since the war southern writers have literally created an indigenous school of literature. Indigenism it certainly is, and that beyond all question by any critic. It is unlike any other literature and simply could not have been produced anywhere else but in the highlands of the central south. That remarkable California literature which began perhaps as early as 1855 and culminated in Bret Harte, Prentice Mulford and their contemporaries was not more native of its native soil, but of all that, be it noted, no part was produced by native Californians, while of this every line is by men and women born and reared among and inspired by the scenes they describe. A score of years ago Judge Tongue, author of "The Fox's Brand," etc., predicted that in 30 years after the war closed literary sympathy, or rather the general tone of the most popular literature, would be in favor of the Confederates. Reproducible data that conclusion from the best of the evidence that there are always more native and southern than there are northern writers in the literature of the South. It is a fact that the South has produced more native writers than the North, and this is a fact that is not generally recognized.

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When the lake navigation season ends it is estimated that the coal shipments from Toledo alone, will be 1,000,000 tons less than last year. This means winter work for the Ohio miners, and Massillon district can have its share—perhaps.

Jacob Sechler Coxe's soul rages against the inevitable. The debate which he desired should take place at Zanesville between himself and ex-Governor Campbell will not take place. Chairman Anderson, of the Democratic committee, has notified him that Mr. Campbell's time is all promised to his own party, and that the demands for him are so great that he cannot give any away to Mr. Coxe.

Governor McKinley announces that upon the expiration of his term of office he will return to Stark county and re-occupy the old home in which his married life began. He also declares it his purpose to resume the practice of law. Governor McKinley will be welcomed home very warmly, but THE INDEPENDENT is quite hopeful that he will not be permitted to take up his work at the bar. Some millions of people unite in this feeling.

All is grist that comes to Mr. Edward L. Royer's mill, these days. Mr. Royer is a candidate for postmaster, and is also chairman of the Massillon Democratic committee. Therefore if the opposition fails to do its duty in contributing the sinews of war and in assisting in the campaign it will be bad for the opposition, while if strong support is given, Mr. Royer's prestige with his great and good Wall Street friend will thereby be increased. It is a trying situation, except for Mr. Royer.

It is the old spirit of '76 that is burning brightly over these United States, demanding of the un-American administration of President Cleveland, that the Cuban revolutionists be recognized as belligerents. It is a shame against which all fair minded men cry out, that the natives of Cuba, who are fighting for the principles which led the American colonists against Great Britain, are allowed to be shot like dogs and refused permission to buy arms and ammunition in this country, while the broken down Spanish monarchy is enabled to draw supplies from where it will to crush out those whom it is pleased to denounce as rebels. The crusade for Cuba should continue, and the two words, "Cuba Libre," kept standing in bold type, to the end that when congress assembles some action be taken to compel the executive to declare this country's attitude.

The Hon. A. Holdover McCadden, mayor of Canal Fulton, and candidate of Calvin S. Brice for the general assembly, is busily engaged, these days, throwing stones at the former town clerk who is alleged to have done a great many things that he ought not to have done. While the stone throwing is in progress, other gentlemen, also residents of Canal Fulton, intimate that Mayor McCadden should drop a few stones on his own toes, and suggest that an inquiry into his official habits might develop an interesting condition. Now although the instrument that clenches the Augean stable is to be applauded, under all circumstances, the true reformer should reform himself, and THE INDEPENDENT recommends that Brother McCadden demand an investigation of his own transactions as well as those of other sinners. That seems to be a fair proposition.

That interesting example of beauty and buncombe, Mr. Allen Cook, having secured the endorsement of the Democratic nominee for state senator by ways that are dark and tricks that are vain, hearing later that a second Populist convention would be held to undo the work of the first, lost no time in filing proof of Mr. Krider's nomination with the board of elections, in order that the board might be prevented from accepting the second nomination. It is of no consequence that Mr. Cook misled his weaklings into disloyalty to their own platform, inasmuch as the rank and file of the Populists, being informed of the connection between Cook and Brice, have repudiated that action, and striven to the extent of their ability to repair the wrong. As the case now stands, unless there should be some unexpected development, Mr. Krider's name will be printed upon the Populist ticket, since he refuses to come off, and unless Populists as a body decide to go on record as allies of Senator Brice and all that that implies, they must vote for the Republican candidate. To preserve their self-respect, they must for once fight under the splendid old Republican eagle. It is a singular state of affairs, and grows out of a trustful regard for the mealy mouthed self-righteous, whose only object is to feather their own nests.

From President Ratchford, of the Ohio miners' organization, THE INDEPENDENT learns that it will probably require the greater part of the month to determine what advance has been granted in Pittsburgh, and to make the same advance operative in Ohio. Of course, when once allowed, back pay at that rate will be allowed from October 1st. Summed up in a sentence, if the Massillon miners are willing to accept what the other miners of Ohio expect to receive they need not lose an hour. THE INDEPENDENT believes that if the mine secretaries would distribute President Ratchford's circulars calling upon the men to remain at work, and explaining why, the local situation would be changed materially, and while this paper's strongly put advice to end the strike may cause it to be temporarily unpopular, it believes that ultimately the Massillon miners will agree that the suggestion was wise and based upon considerations of genuine friendship. Winter is coming, and the mines of Ohio, outside of this rich valley, are all being operated. In Massillon alone, where idleness has been the rule and not the exception, in two years, the men remain out, and for what? Let them ask themselves, their wives, and the storekeepers who have helped them through before, to answer the question.

The state board of arbitration, through whose efforts the long Massillon miners' strike was brought to an end, has reported upon its eighteen months of existence. It is said in this document that as a rule employees have been disposed to be friendly to the new agency for the settlement of disputes, and have invoked its influence more frequently than employers. Some changes are recommended in the law creating it. Among these are provisions for the interposition of the board where employer and employee operate in several counties, and where differences arise between several employers acting together on the one hand, and their several groups of employees also acting together. The board also recommends that it be empowered to persuade parties to a dispute to arbitrate after a strike or lockout has begun. The suggestion is made that there should be legislation to prevent both abrupt notice of reductions in wages or in demands for additions. This could be done by requiring due notice of intention both to reduce or demand increase. The last suggestion seems to be very necessary, but it would be difficult to compel either side, by law, to give such notice, as cases can be imagined in which the continuance of an existing scale might create ruin or involve bankruptcy. Notice of an intention to change wages might be made a condition necessary as a preliminary to calling upon the state board for its services, however.

MR. BRICE'S CANDIDATE.

In a moment of thoughtlessness Mayor A. H. McCadden, of Canal Fulton, who is Senator Brice's candidate for representative, began to throw stones at the former corporation clerk, and assuming a holier-than-thou attitude, began to pose as a reformer and man of the people. The worthy mayor had forgotten his own house of glass, and is now busily engaged in gathering up the falling fragments and dodging the missiles. His eagerness to be a reformer seems to have been overcome. THE INDEPENDENT and the citizens of Stark county are not especially interested in the airing of the soiled linen of Canal Fulton, particularly as the residents of that town have evinced a willingness to gloss over the remarkable transactions of their officers. They are interested, however, in preventing the election of Mayor McCadden, or any other man, to a county office, while the taint of dishonesty attaches to his clothing and while he steadfastly refuses to permit an examination of his official conduct. Mayor McCadden may not be guilty of any wrongdoing, and THE INDEPENDENT has some wholesome respect for the presumption of innocence that it is willing to take for granted that Mayor McCadden is as perfect as—let us say his chief, Calvin S. Brice. It does maintain, however, that under the circumstances, in a year when the Wall street millionaire is spending his substance to buy his way back to the United States senate, men who, like A. H. McCadden, fear an exposure of their own methods, should be kept at home.

MCKINLEY AND RECIPROCITY.

The time when calumny is again in circulation that prior to the passage of the McKinley law, the chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means opposed the insertion of the reciprocity features of that law. No greater injustice has ever been done to Governor McKinley in the long history of misrepresentation and abuse aimed against him. The business men of the United States are now appreciating what those reciprocity treaties did for them as never before. This is not a political question but one purely commercial, the story of which is told in figures, easy of access to any men of affairs. In view of these facts, and in common fairness to Mr. McKinley, THE INDEPENDENT reproduces an extract from an authorized interview with Mr. William Elroy Curtis, Secretary of the Bureau of American Republics, published in THE INDEPENDENT on August 19, 1894. Mr. Curtis was visiting at that time in Massillon, and then, as for years before, stood closer to Mr. Blaine, perhaps, than any man in public life. This is what Mr. Curtis authorized

to be published on that occasion as coming from him:

"The history of the reciprocity movement is this: The Pan-American conference had the question under discussion while the House committee on ways and means was framing the present tariff law, and adopted a report, written by Mr. Romero, of Mexico, recommending the adoption of reciprocity among American nations so far as could be done without impairing their necessary revenues. On February 10, 1888, Mr. Blaine met the House committee in Mr. McKinley's rooms at the Ebbitt House. He explained the situation and asked the committee not to disturb the duties on merchandise from South America."

"He did not follow his suggestion, but prepared their bill without regard to the conference. When Mr. Blaine found that it was proposed to remove the duty on sugar, he sent me to Mr. McKinley with a proposition which he wanted added to the bill as an amendment. It afterwards became known as the Blaine amendment. It provided that the President should be authorized to take off the duty on sugar whenever the sugar producing nations removed their duties on our farm products and certain other articles."

"Mr. McKinley presented this amendment to the Committee on Ways and Means. It was not adopted. Mr. McKinley voted for it the first time it was presented. Then a second proposition containing some modifications was presented, and Mr. McKinley voted for that, as he voted for the Blaine reciprocity amendment every time it was submitted in whatever form."

"It has been currently reported that Mr. Blaine denounced the McKinley bill with so much vigor that he smashed his hat. Mr. Blaine's opposition to the bill was because of the free sugar clause, and he objected to the refusal of congress to take advantage of conditions which he thought were very favorable to our trade. They proposed to throw away the duty on sugar when he wanted them to trade with it."

"When what was known as the Aldrich amendment was adopted, Mr. Blaine was perfectly satisfied and there is nothing in the current tales that he is unfriendly to Major McKinley. On the contrary, he is one of his warmest friends. Had it not been for Mr. McKinley and Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, the reciprocity clause in the tariff act would never have been adopted."

NEWS FROM NEAR BY TOWNS.

NAVARRE NEWS NOTES.

NAVARRE, Oct. 9.—Mrs. David Ricksecker is visiting friends at Ft. Wayne, Ind.

William Johnston, whose removal from the Grant farmhouse sometime ago was turbidly contested by the Grants, is in town, having been discharged from the Aultman hospital as cured, last week.

The prices for the concert to be given in the opera hall next Saturday evening have been changed to ten and fifteen cents.

Mrs. Amelia Winkhart was granted a divorce, yesterday, from her husband, Peter Winkhart, and her maiden name, Amelia Gise, restored her. G. B. Eggert was her attorney.

Henry Altkruse, George Adle, Ferd Webber and Charles Brobst formed a jolly quartette that visited Landford Bus, yesterday.

The engine and boiler for the Dow Process Company have arrived and are being put in place.

Robert Hug's planing mill has been treated to a coat of paint.

A. Ashyre and wife, who have been visiting at the home of Supt. A. C. Baker, returned to Millersburg, Ind., today.

Quite a number of local politicians will attend the Bushnell-Poraker meeting at Canton Thursday evening.

VILLAGERS PREPARED.

WEST LEBANON, Oct. 9.—The numerous indications that a gang of organized crooks is plying its trade in this vicinity have prompted the citizens to form a posse of determined men who will be in readiness to be called out at any time.

LAD TO REST.

NORTH LAWRENCE, Oct. 8.—The funeral of the late David Estelman, who died suddenly the other day took place at the Mennonite church this morning.

GONE TO CLEVELAND.

EAST GREENVILLE, Oct. 9.—Several young women of this village have gone to Cleveland to work.

ROSE HILL IS IDLE.

JUSTUS, Oct. 9.—The report that the Rose Hill mine at this place had resumed work is untrue. The men worked on Monday and Tuesday of this week in order to leave the mine in proper shape for a suspension.

ANOTHER WAYNE COUNTY BURGLARY.

DALTON, Oct. 8.—When Wm. Shultz, business manager of the Shultz Wagon Company, entered his private office Sunday morning, he discovered that an attempt had been made to blow the safe. A hole had been drilled in the door for some distance. It is thought that the cracksmen were frightened from their work by a party of coon hunters who passed the works early Sunday morning.

FELL FROM A TREE.

EAST GREENVILLE, Oct. 8.—William Tombow was standing on a frail bough picking apples, at noon, yesterday, when the limb broke. He fell to the ground, striking on his head. He was unconscious for twelve hours, but under Dr. Haney's care he will recover.

THE WILMOT BUDGET.

WILMOT, Oct. 8.—Parties are drilling for coal on the Fleck farm about three miles south of town.

John Ginstead, of La Grange, Ind., is visiting his sister, Mrs. M. P. Hobbs. George Reese and Calvin Johnson is among the sick.

A. C. McClintock is saving on the W. J. Putnam farm.

Alva Myers fell from the hay mow on Friday morning breaking his arm and receiving other slighter injuries.

Dr. Samuel Wolf died at his home on Main street Saturday evening after an illness of about two weeks, aged 77 years. Dr. Wolf came to Wilmot when he was a young man and began the practice of medicine which he continued until the last few years. He leaves a wife and two children, Dr. C. P. Wolf of this place, and the wife of Prof. Shunk of Mt. Vernon.

SLATER HAS BEEN SEEN

Recognized by a Massillonian at Minerva.

HE IS ALIVE AND DOING WELL.

The Reports That He was the Victim of a Foul Murder Disproven—It is a Clear Case of Contemptible Wife Desertion—Devoid of Sensational Features.

W. F. Slater, a traveling salesman who deserted his wife and child in Chicago, and whose whereabouts have been a mystery for fully six months, was seen last week by a Massillonian at Minerva. He stated that he was doing well and was making five dollars per day, but did not mention the firm with which he had secured employment. Mr. and Mrs. Slater lived in Massillon during last winter, occupying apartments at the Hotel Conrad. In the spring they left for Chicago, where Mr. Slater had secured employment as traveling salesman for a Chicago house. He left with a line of samples, and since he has not been heard from.

His wife and little daughter Pauline were left penniless, but were assisted by Mrs. Guyton, of this city, who was in Chicago at the time, to reach Mr. Slater's parents, who live in Colorado. At first Mr. Slater's disappearance led to the belief that he had been foully dealt with, and his firm and friends made every effort to discover a clue but failed. Mr. Slater refused to believe anything except that she had been willfully deserted. While Mrs. Slater was in this city her husband would remain away for several months at a time, without writing or seeming to care whether she was provided for or not.

MR. KRIDER HOLDS ON.

He Declines to Withdraw From the Populist Ticket.

Ex-Sheriff Krider declines to resign from the Populist ticket. He was waited upon by a committee consisting of George C. Cook, H. W. Kerch, Henry Hull and John Hennessy. They represented that when Mr. Krider was endorsed by the Alliance convention of Populists there were no Carroll county delegates present, and the fact that Mr. Krider was a Democratic nominee for the office had not been given proper consideration. They begged of him to withdraw and permit the use of W. A. Smith's name. Mr. Krider promised to think of the subject, and finally decided to hold on. As it now rests the Populists must stand by their work and support a Brice man and a Democrat, or make a contest before the board of elections and prove that the Krider nomination was irregular. Allen Cook is held to be responsible for the condition of affairs. He filed Krider's nomination papers just before the second convention met on Saturday, and by his course proved that he was working the scheme through. It is supposed that he represents Brice in their negotiations. Mr. Cook was formerly a Democrat. Populists say that he has killed himself with the "reform" party.

CUT IT INTO SHREDS.

Five Sets of Harness Destroyed and a Buggy Demolished.

B. F. Stump, the Richville farmer, who se misfortunes have been before described, thinks that since his former farm hand, Jacob Bucher, has been arrested, he will be relieved of further trouble. The last offense was committed Saturday night, when the same hand that docked the horse's tails, broke up his buggy and cut five sets of harness into shreds. Local detectives measured the foot prints about the barn, and then went to Bucher and made him put his foot into some damp clay. The prints were compared and found to tally. Bucher was placed under arrest, and is now in the county jail.

It was a Great Game.

After a well contested game between the Pumpkin Hills and the Browns, it ended in favor of the Browns by a score of 15 to 12. The battery for the Pumpkin Hills was composed of Heyman and Smith, the well known battery from the H-rays of Millport. Smith, the dead sure batter, was fanned once by well directed balls of Pitcher Barrar of the Browns. The boys all played good ball, and especially the second baseman, who made four double plays, and his batting and that of the left fielder was remarkably good against the great twirler of the H-rays. The Browns were assisted by Nailer Griffiths, the well known player from Massillon, who the boys would like to have playing with them right along.

Woman's Rights.

In a recently published medical work the author asserts that nine-tenths of the women of America are subject to uterine and kindred diseases, and in consequence maternity becomes to them a dreaded burden. How very small is the proportion of ladies who reach middle age wearing the bright glow of health which was their maidenly attraction and of which they have been robbed by functional disorders and nervous weakness! We take pleasure in recommending to all thus afflicted the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, a tried remedy, safe and sure in all cases. Its discoverer merits the gratitude of the sex for the blessing he has conferred upon them. For nursing mothers and all debilitated "run down" women, it is the most certain restorative. To those about to become mothers it is a priceless boon. It lessens the pains and perils of childbirth, shortens labor, promotes the secretion of an abundance of nourishment for the child and shortens the period of confinement.

Important—That every family should use J. Monroe Taylor's Cream Yeast Baking Powder.

The healing properties of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve are well known. It cures eczema, skin affections and is simply a perfect remedy for piles. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

ONE THOUSAND TO GO.

Follow the Band and Crowd on Thursday Evening.

Asa S. Bushnell, the next governor of Ohio, and ex-Governor J. B. Foraker, the next senator from Ohio, will speak Thursday evening in Canton at the Tabernacle. Those who have heard ex-Governor Foraker and recall his masterly manner of presenting the political issues, and the eloquence and magnetism of the man, will not have to be advised twice to go. There will be special cars from Massillon, leaving here at 6:30. The Independent band has been engaged to accompany the delegation. Republicans, Democrats and Populists are invited to hear these addresses.

A special rate of 20 cents has been made by the street railway company, for the special trains, which will leave at 6:30 and 7:00 p. m. Tickets must be obtained at E. F. Bahney's book store and Saltzman's drug store.

SENATOR JOHN SHERMAN

A telephone message received this afternoon from Republican headquarters announces that the state executive committee has assigned Ohio's grand old man, Senator John Sherman, to speak in Massillon on the evening of October 19.

CEMETERY ASSOCIATION.

A Woman Member Added Monday Afternoon.

The light vote cast at the annual election of the Massillon Cemetery Association suggested that the lot owners were satisfied with the past management and realized that it was a shortage of money rather than of zeal, that caused the cemetery to reach its present neglected state. Everybody will be glad to know that a woman member has been added to the directory, in the person of Mrs. J. G. Warwick. The other directors elected were Charles Steese, Charles E. Jarvis and W. F. Ricks.

Messrs Steese and Jarvis were elected for a term of 3 years each, and Mr. Ricks and Mrs. Warwick for 2 year terms. The vote of the lot owners resulted as follows: Charles Steese, 38; Mrs. J. G. Jarvis, 37; W. F. Ricks, 38; Mrs. J. G. Jarvis, 39; J. E. Wert, 1; Tobias Schott, 6; Wm. Yost, 18; Peter Koontz, 2; Mrs. C. McC. Everhard, 1; Miss Elizabeth Folger, 1. The judges were David Atwater and J. M. Schuckers.

CANAL FULTON LETTER.

A Miner Seriously Injured—The Rev. Mr. Barron Leaves.

CANAL FULTON, Oct. 7.—A miner named Alfred Jones, living about a mile west of town, narrowly escaped instant death about 12 o'clock last night. While walking toward his home on the C. & L. & W. railway track, becoming weary, he sat down on the end of a tie and fell asleep, and was struck by a passing coal train and hurled some distance. He fortunately escaped with a broken wrist and a couple of fractured ribs. He is around today trying to explain how it happened.

The Rev. Mr. Yoder, late of Dalton, preached his first sermon in the M. E. church here Sunday. Mr. Yoder comes highly recommended, and we bespeak for him a warm welcome. He will be succeeded at Dalton by the Rev. Mr. Barron, who was located here for the past four years. Mr. Barron leaves a host of friends, who sincerely regret his removal. He is an able and eloquent speaker, a sincere and earnest christian, and an accomplished musician. Dalton is to be congratulated upon securing his services, and the best wishes of this whole community will follow him to his new field of labor.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stover spent Sunday in Massillon.

Mrs. Dr. Everhard, of Wadsworth, is spending a few days with her niece, Mrs. J. H. Porter.

Bert Wagner, a former resident of this place, now residing in Toledo, is visiting at his old home here.

An independent reporter was seen on our streets Sunday evening looking for news.

A number of base ball enthusiasts from here spent Saturday in Cleveland rooting for the Cleveland team.

J. P. Yockey, the Signal man, is spending a week or two in Cleveland as a juror before the United States court. He will, no doubt, see that full and exact justice is meted out to all offenders.

A Battle Scared Veteran.

Nearly every one in Medina Co., Ohio, knows Stephen Rolph of River Sixty, the one-legged veteran, who lost his leg at Winchester, Va., March 3rd, '62. All probability the exposure and privation of army service, the effects of which are felt as they grow older by nearly all old soldiers, were the cause of the serious nervous prostration and sleeplessness of which Comrade Rolph complained. He says:

"People hereabouts know me pretty well, but you can tell others that I was down for about six months with nervous prostration and sleeplessness for which I tried various doctors and medicines, but Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer has done me more good than all the doctoring I had done. The first bottle gave me such great relief that I have used several and feel almost restored to my former good health."

Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer can be relied upon by any who are suffering from nervous troubles, sleeplessness, etc. If all tired out and run down, you need a reliable nerve and system tonic and health restorer as this remedy is. Sold in Massillon by Saltzman Drug Co., Z. T. Baltzly, and F. C. Seaman, and by all dealers everywhere.

It's just as easy to try One Minute Cough Cure as anything else. It's easier to cure a severe cough or cold with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. Better medicine, better results; better try it. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Compare the quality and price of J. Monroe Taylor's Cream Yeast with other high grade baking powders and you will use no other. The price has been reduced to meet the low cost of materials.

THE PUREST
THE BEST

CHEN
AND
SMOKE

MAIL

NICOTINE
NEUTRALIZED

PURE
HARMLESS
SATISFYING

DEAD AND MANGLED.

A Young Canton Man Killed at Congress Lake.

HE FELL BETWEEN THE CARS.

A Hunting Expedition Results in a Shocking Fatality—Charles H. Hibshman the Victim—Another Fall Race Meeting Promised at the Fair Grounds.

CANTON, Oct. 8.—Charles H. Hibshman, a young man who resides in this city, was instantly killed yesterday afternoon at Congress lake. In company with several companions, young Hibshman went to the lake to gather nuts. They boarded a C. C. & S. freight train, to get a ride to Canton. When the train was running at a high rate of speed Hibshman fell between the cars. He was picked up by a second section of the freight horribly mangled. His body was crushed and both legs cut off. The body arrived in Canton at 4 o'clock.

ANOTHER RACE MEETING.

There will be another racing season on the fair grounds track, this fall, the dates being October 23 and 24. The following classes and purses have been arranged: 2:40 trot, \$200; 2:28 trot, \$200; 2:18 trot, \$200; 2:45 pace, \$200; 2:27 pace, \$200; 2:20 pace, \$300. It is thought that these events will be mainly local in character.

PROBATE COURT NOTES.

A marriage license has been granted to Fred A. Erbland and Maggie Philippi, of Canton.

Wm. F. Breed is the administrator appointed in the estate of Mrs. Peter Theis, of Tuscarawas township.

Charles Seaman has been appointed administrator of the estate of Lucy Wiggins, of Canton, vice Wm. S. Nutt, resigned.

In the case of the Canton & Wooster Railway Company against Caroline Werstler, et al, of Sugar Creek township, for an appropriation of land for right of way purposes, a verdict was rendered for the Werstler heirs for land taken in the sum of \$113, and damages, \$698.75. Verdict for W. H. Roush for land taken, \$105.75; damages, \$519.25. Verdict for Caroline Werstler, land taken, \$75; damages, \$345.

THE NEWS OF NEWMAN.

A Frank Discussion of the Mining Situation.

NEWMAN, Oct. 9.—Some of our friends in commenting on our remarks, last week, relative to the Massillon district miners' strike, construe our meaning as holding the president and secretary-treasurer responsible for the present strike. This is a mistake, for we fully realize the fact that it was the convention held in Massillon the latter part of September that ordered the strike, and they are the officials we referred to as doing that which we thought then and believe now to be a mistake. True, the miners represented in that convention had taken a vote to make a formal demand of sixty cents and some as high as seventy cents, to take effect October 1st. This demand was perfectly in order, for the reason that some of our coal operators had intimated taking advantage of the "short cut" advance of five cents only, but we fail to learn of our miners voting to cease work if our demands were not complied with, contrary to the agreement of which we were a party to last June. We hold to the opinion that the price in the Pittsburgh district will be adjusted and Ohio rated accordingly, independent of the Massillon district—it matters not whether they strike, suspend operation, work, or move to Africa.

Hence we believe the present idleness is a dead loss to every miner and the losing of our contracts will be felt for some time to come.

The limited acquaintance we have with the president of the seceded Massillon district justifies us in believing that he means well and is doing his best for the miners. We have known the Sec'y-Treasurer of this district from his infancy and have always looked upon him as being faithful, competent and honest, no matter what position in life he has been placed, and the miners would have to go a long way before they could better their present incumbent as Sec'y-Treasurer.

We notice an article from C. P. Ray in which he says their miners received the advance without any secession movement. We are at a loss to know just what movement did secure the advance for Mr. Ray's mine, for the state officials requesting a continuance of work without making any demands for an advance whatever. Mr. Ray their casts reflections on the unionism of the Massillon miners, to which we desire to say right here and now that nowhere on top of America's green earth can be found a better union district than the Massillon one is, no matter whether they are identified with the new or old departure. The past and the present justifies this assertion.

It is rumored that Lon Smith is now the sole owner of the "Jagers" coal mine, having recently purchased the interests of John Lodes.

Mrs. W. Becket, of Sherrodsville, is visiting this week at the Ralston residence.

The North Lawrence people are scorching our school board of education for alleged negligence in attending to

their furnace, thereby suspending the school.

Our brick works are running along every day, except when a break down occurs.

Geo. W. Thorn returned home Saturday after making a business tour through Pittsburgh and Youngstown.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Thomas, of Justus, spent Sunday at the home of C. H. Roderick and family.

Wm. M. Hardgrove, trustee of our township, made his monthly business trip to Canton Wednesday. He reports the county infirmaries directors well pleased with the diminished trustees' report for for September.

Mrs. E. W. Dehoff is visiting relatives at Mineral Point this week.

Massillon again enjoys the proud distinction of paying the highest tax rate in the county.

Sec'y-Treas. A. L. Williams visited relatives at Pigeon Run last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Selway, of Somerdale, drove up Saturday to spend Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Jackett.

The Rev. Mr. Argus, of Cleveland, is holding a series of protracted meetings in our church, that will be continued indefinitely.

Our public schools will commence next Monday morning, with D. W. Walter, of West Brookfield, as principal teacher, Miss Jennie Kitt, of Canal Fulton, primary teacher.

Mrs. Henry Rummings, of Sherrodsville, spent Sunday with John Rummings and family.

THE INDEPENDENT has stirred up the municipality of Canal Fulton to a great pitch and the charges of corruption in their business transaction for the town are numerous now that the matter is stirred. If the tax payers of that village don't have a thorough investigation of their affairs it will be their own fault and they should be allowed to pay all the costs of the past present and future.

The new Kranso coal mine, west of our village, under the efficient management of Conrad Klein, of Massillon, is pushing things along rapidly. The many new buildings, under construction, give the appearance of an extensive industry. They were loading their tenth flat on Sunday for shipment. This for a new mine is not so slow.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Beatty are visiting Bryan friends.

Mr. and Mrs. John Watts are visiting friends in Sandyville.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Conrad are expected home tomorrow.

The Rev. S. P. Long will preach at Faith chapel next Sunday evening.

Joseph Goodhanser is confined to his home by an attack of malarial fever.

Justice R. H. Folger is unable to attend to his duties today on account of illness.

Miss Edna Phelan has returned from an extended visit with Indiana relatives.

Oliver Ruch and Miss May Reed, two of Mr. Eaton's young people, were married last week.

John Keller has gone to Cleveland, where he will enter the office of the Drake Coal company.

The Leidenkrantz Singing Society now has its headquarters at the Trades and Labor Assembly hall.

A patent for a barrel truck has been granted to Harry E. Whisler, assignor of one-half to J. W. Metzger.

The Standard Film Company has sold to David P. Merwin 18-100 acres in the second ward of Massillon for \$1,865.

Miss Mary Millard, of Halifax, Randolph county, Pa., is visiting at the residence of John Danner and wife, Canton.

Amos White, of Hartsville, who is said to be an honest man, reports seeing a large buck deer in front of his place on Sunday morning.

Louis Rost picked a small earthen vessel, containing what he supposes is poison, out of the drinking trough in East Main street, the other day.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Schmetz arrived this noon, and will spend a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Everhard. They have been abroad since their marriage last summer.

The second preliminary inspection of the Fort Wayne road will begin next Sunday from Chicago, and will progress rapidly to Pittsburg. It will be under the supervision of Joseph Wood, general manager of the road.

John McBride, president of the American Federation of Labor, at the urgent request of the various central labor bodies of the east, has decided to make a tour of that section of the country during the present month.

The L. C. B. A. will meet at the home of Mrs. Casimir Porter, on Friday evening of this week to do sewing for the coming church bazaar. Each lady is requested to bring some article of sewing for the bazaar, with her.

William Johnson, whose recent illness while at the Grant homestead, near Navarre, created so much talk in certain quarters, has been discharged from the Altman hospital at Canton, a well man. He is today the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Hardy.

The Stark County Horticultural Society will hold its next monthly meeting at the residence of the A. J. Shaffer, near Freeburg, on Wednesday, Oct. 16th. Persons desiring conveyance from Massillon will please notify Mr. Shaffer by postal card and he will have conveyance for all.

Miss Burton gave a luncheon of fourteen covers on Friday in honor of her cousin, Miss Gillespie. The guests were: Miss Harter of Canton, and her friend Mrs. Ames of Boston; Miss Proctor of Cleveland, O.; Mrs. Coras, Miss Hunt, Miss Russell, Miss Harriet Russell, Miss Jessie Russell; Miss McLain, Miss Skinner, Miss Wales.

Winter is approaching and the county infirmary is beginning to fill. There were 15 inmates admitted during September, against 10 discharged, the total remaining being 211. The expenditures were \$1,250. For outside relief, \$248.40 was expended in Perry township during the month. The total amount of outside relief for the county cost \$640.40.

Miss Mary Elizabeth Llewellyn and Mr. David H. Kennedy were married Saturday evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Llewellyn, in Washington avenue, near Rev. E. P. Wise officiating. Mr. Kennedy is a promising young man from Niles, O. The young couple have gone to make their home at the latter place.

Miss Lucy Abigail Proctor returned to Cleveland, this morning, after spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Pocock. Miss Proctor's beautiful voice and manner have made her so many friends during her short stay, that she will be greatly missed. Her aunt, Mrs. Pinney, will remain a few days. The two expect to spend the winter in Boston.

Yesterday evening at a dinner party a young gentleman's coffee cup fell from his fingers to the floor. The question was raised, what verse of scripture did the fall of the cup suggest? Three answers were given: First, "My cup runneth over." Ps. 23:5; second, "Blessed are the peacemakers," Matth. 5:9; third, "Hold that fast which thou hast," Rev. 3:11.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hurd, of Monroe, Mich., are at the Hotel Conrad, having arrived last night, intending to spend a day or two. As Miss Agnes Brooke, daughter of the Rev. Robert D. Brooke, formerly rector of St. Timothy's church, Mrs. Hurd will be pleasantly recalled by many Massillon friends. Her marriage occurred on October 2nd, and the young couple are now enjoying their bridal journey.

The Independent Company signed a contract with Charles E. Oberlin, today, whereby the latter is to erect a commodious building especially designed for this business. The present building located at 16 North Erie street, has been overcrowded for some time, and increased accommodations are imperatively demanded. The new building will be built of brick and stone and will occupy a large lot on North Erie street, on the square north of the postoffice.

Tiring of the uneventful lives which they led in Mineral Point, C. F. Rodman and J. W. Van Kirk, the latter the son of a wealthy coal operator of that

IT NEEDS VENTILATION

place, left home last week to seek their fortunes elsewhere. They came to Massillon Sunday evening and stopped at the Hotel Sailer. Notice was received at police headquarters to look out for young Van Kirk, and he was arrested last night at the Pennsylvania railroad station. His father arrived in the city this morning and took his son and his companion home with him.

Although the state department of agriculture declares that the Stark county potato crop will only reach 82 per cent. of an average, the tall stories that are in circulation suggest that this percentage is very low. On Friday 17 men dug 500 bushels of potatoes on the I. M. Bunuel farm, near town, and there are forty acres as full of the tubers as an egg is of meat. Just to make matters interesting, THE INDEPENDENT will give a year's subscription to the weekly edition for the biggest potato brought for its inspection prior to October 20.

Miss Frances Fashach was unexpectedly called upon to celebrate her sixteenth birthday Tuesday night, by a large party of friends organized by Miss Edith Keller. The evening passed quietly away with games and dancing, music being furnished by Klotz's orchestra. The young people all wore dainty evening gowns and departed at a late hour. Those present from Canton were: Masters Paul Snyder, Hugh Wheelhart, Homer Ringle, Howard Little, Frank Richner, Albert Fate, Will, Myers, Homer Wise, Frank Lichenwater, and Vick Becker; Misses Fanny and Love McLean, Miss Young, Miss Boan, Ethel Foss, Leahy Henkle, Miss Rutter, Grace Beatty, Armena Wingings and Miss Thomas.

The members of the Equal Rights Association manifested their intention to carry on the good cause of the enfranchisement of women and to have a profitable winter's work in the study of United States History by a well attended meeting at the home of Mrs. Focke, Friday afternoon. The society was called to order by the president and the minutes of the June meeting were read and approved. The president read the call of the officers of the Ohio Woman Suffrage Association for the annual convention to be held in Ashtabula, Oct. 23-24, and urged as many as possible of the members to be in attendance. The following delegates were appointed: Mrs. Elizabeth Wise, Mrs. S. O. Eggert, Mrs. A. M. Russell, Mrs. Katherine B. Focke.

POPULISTS IN TROUBLE.

The Populists discover themselves in just the pinch predicted editorially by THE INDEPENDENT. They met here on Saturday to undo their former work, when they endorsed the candidacy of C. A. Kridler for state senator. Mr. Kridler then being the Democratic candidate. They met again on Saturday, to get rid of Mr. Kridler, having concluded that his attachment to Senator Brice was not in harmony with Populistic doctrines, or the People's party platform, which declares against endorsing the nominees of the old parties. The convention was held behind closed doors. It was found that Mr. Kridler's nomination had been filed with the board of elections, and that the board could not recognize the action of a second Populistic convention as more binding than that of the first. The only way to dispose of Mr. Kridler, therefore, would be to approach him humbly and beg him to resign. The convention nominated W. A. Smyth, of Harlem Springs, Carroll county, and if Mr. Kridler can be put out of the way, Mr. Smyth will be put in.

RAILROAD NOTES.

A modification of the story about the Wheeling & Lake Erie extension to Cleveland comes out today. According to this tale, the B. & O. proposes, also, to build from Cleveland to Lodi, in order to get a better Chicago connection, and also to connect with its Wooster branch. Now the Wheeling & Lake Erie also passes through Lodi, and it is said that the two companies will unite in completing this project.

The V's Elect Officers.

At the Y meeting Monday evening the following officers were elected: President, Nan E. Wiseman; vice president, Presbyterian church, Mrs. Heckman; vice president, West Side M. E. church, Mrs. Williams; vice president, Christian church, Miss Helen Turney; vice president, Reformed church, Emma Swier; vice president, First M. E. church, Miss Mamie Cassler; secretary, Miss Anna Rouson; treasurer, Miss Lillian Brunny. It was decided to give a dime social at Y headquarters next Monday evening, October 14. An interesting programme is being arranged and pie will be served.

Another Philanthropic Expedition.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—[By Associated Press]—The treasury department has received, through the secretary of state and Spanish minister, a telegram from the Spanish consul at Key West, stating that another filibustering expedition is fitting out at Pine Reef. Collectors of customs have been notified to take steps to prevent the violation of neutrality laws.

The First Cold Snap.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—[By Associated Press]—Snow fell Tuesday in some parts of upper Michigan, and last night there were snow flurries over Lake Huron. The temperature was below freezing last night, over the northern halves of Indiana and Illinois. Killing frosts are reported as far south as Memphis.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon October 5:

LADIES.

Backus, Mrs. M. (Garver) Miss Kate Schoep, Miss Anna (Fischer), Mrs. Caroline

MRS.

Galehouse, Harley Runyon, J. A. (Hove), W. H. Rutrell, Fred

Kilpe, Chas. Sangs, Albert A. McHenry, B. F. Steese, Chas. A. Porter, G. A.

FOREMEN.

Edwards, David Kell, J. Joseph

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

CLEMENT RUSSELL, P. M.

Nothing so distressing as a hacking cough. Nothing so foolish as to suffer from it. Nothing so dangerous as if allowed to continue. One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief. Z. T. Baltzy and G. B. Fulton.

IT NEEDS VENTILATION

Canal Fulton and Its Municipal Scandal.

MAYOR McCADDEN IS IN IT.

The ex-Clerk and the Mayor Charge Each Other With Wrong Doing—Squire Kittinger Says that They Are Equally Interested.

CANAL FULTON, Oct. 7.—The scandal created by the publication of charges against ex-Clerk Stotler and Mayor McCadden grows. "Squire A. J. Kittinger thinks that the matter is as broad as it is long as will be seen from the following statements:

"It is my honest opinion that within the last six years the town has been the loser of \$3,000. In 1893 when I ran for mayor on the Republican ticket, Stotler, who is also a Republican, worked assiduously for McCadden. I thought it rather strange at the time, for McCadden is a Democrat, but it is all clear to me now. Stotler was afraid that I would not co-operate with him as he knew McCadden would. If McCadden's accounts are straight why does he fear an examination?

"I and several others volunteered our services free of cost to look over his books, but he refused and as the council thought the course unwise the work was never taken up. The majority of the citizens suspect that there has been some raking off and I myself know of numerous instances in which the council has utterly disregarded the ordinances and the members did as they pleased. I am not familiar with these charges of McCadden's, but I guess that it is merely a method to make young Stotler a scape goat for the entire rig."

Ex-Corporation Clerk William A. Stotler, who is charged by Mayor McCadden with embezzlement, expressed a great willingness to speak for publication, as he said he had nothing to conceal and that the truth could in no way injure him.

"Over a year ago," said Mr. Stotler, "during my incumbency, the council purchased direct from the Grafton Stone company \$177 and some odd cents worth of flag stones. Some time afterwards the council decided to pay the bill and an order for this amount was drawn up. It was necessary that Mayor McCadden's signature should be affixed to the order. One evening I chanced to meet him on the street and asked him to sign it. He consented and taking a lead pencil from his pocket wrote his name on the order.

"Imagine my amazement then, when some months later I received notice to appear before a special meeting of the council, which had been called by the mayor, and to bring my books along to aid in elucidating certain alleged inexplicable matters.

"I attended the meeting and it was decided that the affair be laid over until the week following. I presented all the bills which McCadden had contested, and they were approved by the council. Then McCadden came forth with a half dozen other alleged irregularities, which were also investigated and found perfectly correct, each one corresponding precisely with its voucher. At one of these sessions some member proposed that a committee be appointed to audit my books. I was perfectly willing, and I remarked that while the committee was at work it might also look over the mayor's accounts. This made McCadden angry, and he said openly that he would allow no one to go over his books. The committee was not appointed and the matter was dropped until McCadden again stirred it up this campaign, when he thinks that by injuring me he can advance his political aspirations. McCadden's refusal to allow the committee to audit his books seems peculiar to me, and I feel confident that some startling facts would be developed if the matter was pushed.

"I understand that he claims I was \$200 short, but otherwise than what I have seen in the newspapers I know nothing of what he has said of me.

"I know of several reasons why McCadden should seek to injure me. I think that he was prompted by jealousy. When the town purchased that paving stone it was done in my name, as the corporation did not have entire confidence in the mayor. Since then he has been my bitter enemy. Then I think that he envies me my position as station agent for the Pennsylvania company, and by bringing these charges against me he hopes to have me ousted and to secure the place himself. But the truth will triumph, and although my books were destroyed in the station fire on March 16, I feel sure that time will vindicate me."

Mayor McCadden was found walking down street leisurely smoking a cigar and when approached by a reporter talked as freely as Stotler had done.

"Stotler is guilty of many irregularities," said he, "conspicuously among them being one big haul on the Grafton Stone Company's bill. The original bill was for \$177, of which only \$100 was paid at the time. Several months after this amount had been paid I became suspicious of crookedness and one day I began an examination of the treasurer's books. I discovered that besides the \$100 order, two others, one for \$177 and one for \$30 had been drawn up in favor of the Grafton company. This totals up \$307 and as the original bill was for \$177 of which \$100 was paid I cannot see where the remaining \$207 has gone. I also found that of these orders bore my signature notwithstanding I had only signed the \$100 order. I immediately called a special meeting of the council and laid this matter and numerous other minor deals before that body, but for some reason or other no material action was taken in the affair. The forgeries aggregate over \$200. Stotler's bills were never approved by the council as is claimed by him. I have spoken to Prosecutor Bow, but no formal charge has been laid before the grand jury."

There are many good reasons why you should use One Minute Cough Cure. There are no reasons why you should not, if in need of help. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. Z. T. Baltzy and G. B. Fulton.

Now is the time to subscribe.

SOME SHARP QUESTIONS.

A Correspondent Who Wants the Navarre Extension.

MR. EDITOR—Permit me sufficient space in THE INDEPENDENT to ask a few questions of Wm. A. Lynch, the Massillon city council and board of trade, with whom rest individually and collectively the responsibility of a material loss to the merchants of Massillon, through their failure to have in operation the electric railway to Navarre. Most of them have lost sight of the fact that it is impossible for residents of Navarre and vicinity to come to Massillon by train and return the same day. This is not true of Canton, so most of this trade goes to Canton.

I would ask of Mr. Wm. A. Lynch:

1. Why did you apply for a franchise for a road you evidently never expected to build?

2. Why did you inform an INDEPENDENT reporter that this road would be built this fall and then permit opposite reports to be published?

3. Why do you expect the patronage of the Massillon public to the Canton line when you so persistently oppose their interests in this other direction?

I would ask of the Massillon city council:

1. Why that electric railroad committee don't report?

2. Why when a bond is forfeited you can't declare it so without giving a committee three months time to hob nob with the railroad company.

3. Why you don't advise the board of trade that you will turn the amount of that forfeited bond over to them to be used at their discretion in securing an electric railroad to Navarre?

I would ask the Massillon board of trade:

1. Why they don't take care of the trade that we already have about us by providing proper railroad facilities?

2. Why they permit a Canton corporation to circumvent us first by beating a Massillon company out of the electric railroad field and then by holding on to a franchise that should belong to others after they had forfeited their privileges?

3. Why wouldn't an electric railroad to Navarre be the most profitable subject that might engage their attention?

WHY?

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 7.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 70 3/4c; No. 2 red, 69 3/4c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow, ear, 40 1/4c; mixed ear, 39 1/4c; No. 2 yellow shelled, 38 1/2c; No. 1 white, 25 1/2c; No. 2 do, 25 1/2c; extra No. 3 white, 24 1/2c; light mixed, 23 1/2c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, 36 1/2c; No. 2 do, 35 1/2c; No. 3 do, 34 1/2c; mixed clover, 11 1/2c; No. 1 alfalfa, 14 1/2c; No. 2 do, 13 1/2c; No. 3 do, 12 1/2c; No. 4 do, 11 1/2c; No. 5 do, 10 1/2c; No. 6 do, 9 1/2c; No. 7 do, 8 1/2c; No. 8 do, 7 1/2c; No. 9 do, 6 1/2c; No. 10 do, 5 1/2c; No. 11 do, 4 1/2c; No. 12 do, 3 1/2c; No. 13 do, 2 1/2c; No. 14 do, 1 1/2c; No. 15 do, 1/2c.

BUTTER—Erie creamery, 23 3/4c; Ohio fancy creamery, 22 1/2c; fancy country roll, 15 1/2c; low grade and cooking, 14 1/2c.

CHEESE—Ohio mild, new, 8 1/2c; New York, new, 9 1/2c; Limburger, new, 10 1/2c; Wisconsin Swiss, 12 1/2c; Ohio Swiss, 11 1/2c; 6 1/2c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 15 1/2c; for mail, 16 1/2c.

POLTRY—Large live chickens, 63 1/2c per pair; live chickens, small, 40 1/2c; spring chickens, 31 1/2c; auto-eaten dressed chickens, 1 1/2c; live turkeys, dressed, 11 1/2c; 1 1/2c; duck, 12 1/2c; live turkeys, 9 1/2c; dressed, 10 1/2c.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa. Oct. 7.

CATTLE—Receipts heavy this week, 150 cars on sale; market is opening irregular and very slow and at lower prices. We quote as follows: 1,300 to 1,500 lbs., \$10.50; good, 1,200 to 1,300 lbs., \$10.00; good butchers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., \$9.50; rough fat, \$3.00; 300 lbs. and over, \$3.50; rough fat, \$3.00; fresh cows and springers, \$15.00 to \$20.00.

HOGS—Receipts liberal, 35 cars on sale; with only a moderate demand, the market is opening slow and at lower prices. We quote: Pri. medium, \$4.45; best Yorkers, \$4.80; 4-5; common to fair Yorkers, \$4.15; 4-5; heavy grades, \$3.95; 4-5; roughs, \$3.50 to \$4.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply heavy, 50 cars on sale; the demand is light, and the market is dull at about the following prices: Extra, \$2.80; good, \$2.40; 4-5; fair, \$1.90; 4-5; common, \$1.50; 4-5; lambs, \$2.00; 4-5; veal calves, \$2.50; 4-5; heavy and thin calves, \$2.00 to \$2.50.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 8.

HOGS—Market steady at \$13.50; 4-5; receipts, 3,400 head; shipments, 1,500 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at \$12.25; 4-5; receipts, 40 head; shipments, 50 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep market dull and lower at \$10.25; 4-5; receipts, 2,500 head; shipments, 900 head. Lambs, market dull at \$2.50; 4-5.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.

WHEAT—Spot market firm. No. 2 red 64 1/2c; No. 1 hard, 68c.

CORN—Spot market firm. No. 2, 37c; OATS—Spot market quiet. No. 2, 23 1/2c; 23 1/2c.

CATTLE—European cables quote American steers at 24 1/2c dressed weight; refrigerator beef at \$24.90c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market very dull and prices weak, except for good sheep, which are quoted as follows: 1,000 lbs. and over, \$10.00; 800 lbs. and over, \$9.50; 600 lbs. and over, \$9.00; 400 lbs. and over, \$8.50; 200 lbs. and over, \$8.00; 100 lbs. and over, \$7.50; 50 lbs. and over, \$7.00; 25 lbs. and over, \$6.50; 12 1/2 lbs. and over, \$6.00; 6 1/2 lbs. and over, \$5.50; 3 1/2 lbs. and over, \$5.00; 1 1/2 lbs. and over, \$4.50; 1/2 lb. and over, \$4.00.

HOGS—Market easier at \$14.00; 4-5.

The Massillon Markets.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets for grain and produce on this date, October 10, 1895

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat, per bushel (old) 65

Wheat, per bushel (new) 60

Ayr, per bushel 40

Oats, per bushel 20-22

Barley, per bushel 40-45

Flax Seed 31-32

Clover Seed 24-25

Timothy Seed 20-21

Crab, per 100 lbs 10

Middlings, per 100 lbs 10

Hay, per 100 lbs 14 00-15 00

PRODUCE.

Choice Butter, per lb 20-22

Eggs, per dozen 14

Lard, per pound 10

Hams, per lb 10

Shoulders 8

Butter, per lb 20-22

White beans, per bushel 1 1/2-2 1/2

Peas, per bushel 25-30

Onions 60

Apples 35-40

Evaporated Apples, choice, 12-15

Dried Peaches, peeled 4-5

Dried Potatoes, unpeeled 4-5

Salt, per barrel 1 00-1 10

Chicago and Toledo Markets.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—[By Associated Press]—Hogs, active, \$3.55 to \$4.25; wheat, 39 1/2c; corn, 29 1/4c; oats, 17 1/2c.

TOLEDO, Oct. 9.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat, 64 1/2c.

Captain Sweeney, U. S. A., San Diego, Cal., says: "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c. Sold by E. S. Craig and G. B. Fulton.

God made the world. Man made the town. J. Monroe Taylor makes the Cream Yeast Baking Powder.

GRAND JURY REPORTS.

James Myers and Miss Scott Indicted for Blackmail.

MANY INDICTMENTS WITHHELD.

A Number of True Bills Found That Will Reach the Public Later On—Fifteen Cases Reported Up to Wednesday Morning.

CANTON, Oct. 9.—The grand jury this morning reported the indictments found in the cases in which the defendants had been apprehended. Included in their report are indictments against Anna Scott and James Myers for blackmail, and George Brown for obstructing a railway track. The above persons are Massillonians. Witnesses supposed to know a great deal about Sun Vapor Light company transactions were summoned before the grand jury, and, as several indictments have been withheld from the public, great curiosity is felt to know the secrets of the jury room. The report, as far as made public, is as follows:

Cleveland Myers, cutting with intent to kill; Lon. Strickland, grand larceny; Thomas Smith, John Roland, burglary and larceny; Wm. Smith, larceny; Jesse Shaffer, petit larceny; George Brown, placing obstruction on street railway; Charles Thompson, burglary and larceny; James Hart, forgery; Anna Scott and James Myers, blackmail; George W. Miller, assault and battery; James and John Hanis, burglary.

The cases in which indictments were found and defendants not apprehended will be furnished in a public report when the public justice will not be interfered with.

SHE MADE FACES AT HIM.

Henry Sexauer has applied for a divorce from Emma Sexauer. They were married in Canton in Sept. 1894. The defendant is charged with gross neglect. Mr. Sexauer also charges his wife with extreme cruelty, and that at divers times would call him vile names, ridicule him by sneers and by sticking out her tongue and making faces at him. All this caused the plaintiff great trouble of mind.

SULLIVAN GOES TO JAIL.

Mike Sullivan, proprietor of the notorious Theatre Comique, is now doing manual labor at the county workhouse. The sentence imposed by Mayor James Rice was endorsed by the higher court to which the case was appealed. Sullivan will serve sixty days and pay a fine of \$100, in addition to the costs

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

The McLain Company Foundry Burned at Canton.

B. NORWOOD TAYLOR AGAIN.

Exceptions Taken to some of His Transactions—The McLain Company Repairing Their Loss—No Arson Will be Built in Canton by the County.

CANTON, Oct. 4.—The plant of the J. H. McLain Co. had a narrow escape from destruction by fire yesterday evening. About 7 o'clock it was discovered that the roof of the foundry, a building 30x175 feet, was ablaze. The Canton fire department responded promptly to the alarm and succeeded in checking the fire, not, however, until the entire roof was destroyed. The foundry contained the company's complete stock of wood patterns, and had they been burned the business of the concern would have been seriously interfered with, as this is their busiest season and one hundred moulders are given steady employment. Fortunately for the McLain company, the extensive foundry of the Aultman Co. is not now occupied, and they will, with the loss of only a day, begin the manufacture of their castings in that building. The loss was estimated by the company this morning at between five and six thousand dollars. This is entirely covered by insurance in Arnold Bros' agency at Massillon. A large force of men is now at work repairing the damages, and not later than next Wednesday the foundry will again be in operation. The origin of the destructive fire is yet unknown.

CANTON, Oct. 5.—The Warner divorce case came up before Judge McCarty this morning, with Lawyer R. H. Folger representing the plaintiff, Mrs. Warner formerly was Miss Minnie Straubner, of Massillon. The divorce was granted.

On the grounds of gross neglect, extreme cruelty and habitual drunkenness Eleanor Wilson has petitioned the court for a divorce from Lycurgus Wilson. Mrs. Wilson also desires to be restored to her maiden name Eleanor Walker and a decree of alimony.

Lafayette Swigart has been appointed administrator of the estate of Ellery Swigart, of Lawrence township.

A marriage license has been granted to Arthur S. Kiehl and Lizzie Benner, of Marlboro.

The J. H. McLain Company have determined not to occupy the Aultman foundry, as first arranged after the fire, but will rebuild at once. Forty men went to work Friday morning, and it is hoped that work can be resumed in that department by next Tuesday.

Exceptions to an account of the guardianship of Robert Norwood Taylor, in the case of the Whitmer heirs has been filed. A balance of \$1,374.02 is not satisfactorily accounted for. Since Taylor's matrimonial escapade he has been in bad odor. He is supposed to be in retirement on one of his father's farms.

The Cleveland Axle Company has increased wages five and ten per cent, and announces that it will pay the physician's bills of employees and members of their families.

The circuit court has sustained Judge McCarty in declaring unconstitutional the act requiring counties to erect armories, and locating responsibility upon the state. This terminates the expectation of the Canton military companies unless the supreme court should take another view of the matter.

SOME REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

E. L. Arnold to Maude E. Fox, a part of lot 297, in the first ward of Massillon, for \$500.

McLain and Russell to Abraham Guonsey, 25 acres in the first ward of Massillon, for \$400.

Robert F. Skinner to Augustus T. Skinner, lot 914 in the first ward of Massillon, for \$100.

Bert Vincent to John Barkheimer, lot 635 in the second ward of Massillon, for \$175.

Jos. Grass to Mary J. Schnerzler, lot 12 in the second ward of Massillon, for \$3,175.

Anton K. Kopp to C. Ascon Olson, 1 40 acres in the second ward of Massillon, for \$4,400.

Albert Snyder to John Choet, lot 2,144 in the second ward of Massillon, for \$400.

William Weiner to Theresa Weiner, lot 277 in the fourth ward of Massillon, for \$1,000.

NAVARRE IS IN LINE.

NAVARRE, Oct. 5.—The Navarre board of trade met in the council chamber last evening, pursuant to adjournment. The minutes of the previous meeting were approved. President Converse announced the following standing committees:

Arbitration—D. A. Fisher, A. C. Baker, E. J. Walker.

New enterprises and industries—J. M. Corl, Phil Loew, D. A. Fisher, D. J. Wolf.

Membership—Will H. Stahl, E. J. Walker, John Leuninger, H. S. Cable, J. E. Gnan.

Railways and transportation—L. Zimmerman, William Dreike, J. V. R. Skinner.

Finance—J. B. Pocock, Peter Gnan, John Hug.

Real estate—A. W. Go-horn, Anthony Stehen, L. Zimmerman.

Telegraph, telephone and street railways—D. J. Wolf, H. H. Dow, J. V. R. Skinner, the Navarre Stone and Co. J. W. Gilliam.

Taxation—Phil Loew, Wm. Dreike, J. M. Corl.

J. M. Corl moved that it is the sense of this association that we exempt new industries investing \$5,000 from corporation taxes for ten years. Carried unanimously.

Treasurer Wolf was ordered to collect the balance of accounts due the old Business Men's Association.

CANAL NAVIGATION GIVEN UP.

AKRON, Oct. 5.—Navigation on the

Ohio canal, which has been proceeding with such difficulty for so many weeks, has been finally given up completely. This is due to the low water in the Summit level, where half the cargo of boats has had to be removed some time before the boats could be got over the stretch. Now even this method has had to be given up, as it is impossible to get even a half-loaded boat over the Summit level.

THE GOLD STANDARD.

Senator Brice Will Elevate it in Stark County.

HE WILL SPEND \$15,000 HERE.

Chairman John Thomas of the Republican Committee Tells About the Campaign—It Promises to be Hot and Heavy in This Vicinity.

Senator Calvin S. Brice or his agents, will spend something like \$15,000 in Stark county this fall. It was Chairman John Thomas of the Republican executive committee who furnished this information between cigar puffs.

"Can we quote you as making this declaration, Mr. Thomas?" was asked.

"Well, now, it's this way. You inquired what I thought would be spent and I've told you. Naturally I am not in the dark about the movements of the enemy, and while I fully believe what I say when I tell you that \$15,000 is the Democratic appropriation for Stark county, I would have no right to give my authority. You see Stark county is an important county and there was such a shortage in the vote last year as to make it an interesting field to both Brice and Campbell. Republicans are well in line, and while I fully believe that we will sweep the county, the shortage last fall, and the large Populist vote, furnishing as they do a total of perhaps 7,000 votes, combined, inject an element that makes the result one that cannot be forecast with accuracy.

"The Democrats want to stampede the Populists, and claim that they will do it, and if we could know how many of these votes, and how many of last year's stay at home votes belonged to them, we could know just where we are. Under the circumstances the situation from any point of view is a matter of faith instead of figures.

"I look for the hottest kind of political work during the final two weeks of the campaign, and Republicans who believe that the business interests of the country are at stake, should be warned in time, and stand to their guns.

"Aside from partisan considerations, we who have the personal welfare of Governor McKinley at heart, should realize that the last campaign before the national convention is of vital importance to him. His own county must rise to the occasion with a solid delegation in the general assembly, and a big majority for the whole ticket. Anything less will discourage and weaken the fighting forces all along the line. No party man should see election day come without having obtained at least one vote from the opposition. Republicans of Stark county should be of good cheer, but they should not let self-confidence take the place of work."

THOMAS ROTCH RICHMOND.

A Sketch of a Pioneer Citizen, Whose Death Occurred Friday.

Thomas Rotch Richmond died shortly after 2 o'clock Friday afternoon, after a long fight, and Massillon lost one of its few remaining true-hearted citizens of the original pioneer stock that came here from Connecticut in the early days. Mr. Richmond was born in Hartford, Jan. 9, 1813, came to Massillon or rather the old town of Kendal, in 1815, and except a part of one year, had lived here ever since. His mother, an adopted daughter of Thomas and Charity Rotch, and his father also, were members of the Society of Friends, and their son received from Mr. Rotch his name and 50 acres of land.

He married Jane E. Dorse in 1839, who survives him. They have never had any children.

Mr. Richmond was one of the pioneer carpenters of Massillon, and soon became a contractor. He built the present livery stable occupied by Peter Gribble, and managed it for 12 years. He also owned a lumber yard in those days, and for 30 years had been a veterinary surgeon. During the short time he lived at Vicksburg, Miss., he was offered the management of a large plantation in Arkansas, but with all the Quakers' abhorrence of slavery, he refused.

Mr. Richmond's life was long and useful, filled with deeds of unassuming kindness, and leaving memories that will be cherished alike by friends and family. The funeral will take place from the residence, 51 Plum street, at 2 p. m. Sunday.

THE NAVARRE EXTENSION.

No Definite Arrangements Made for its Construction.

It has been reported for perhaps a week that the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company had let the grading contract preparatory to completing the line to Navarre. This report is untrue. The company has no intention of beginning work on the Navarre extension this fall. There will be some grading done, however, where the line ends near the asylum site. A culvert there has been extended to permit the construction of a track without interference with the driveway and it will be necessary to grade the highway to some extent to place the road in a safe condition.

If you want a pair of fine boots or shoes, hand made, to order, you can get them at 21 West Main street. Shoes made in all styles, sewed or pegged. Repairing promptly and neatly done. Open from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Herman R. Hintz.

Bill heads, note heads, letter heads and envelopes artistically printed on short notice at the INDEPENDENT office.

A REIGN OF TERROR.

Organized Safe Crackers in This Vicinity.

THE SMALLER TOWNS ALARMED.

Local Hawkshaw Convinced That the Robbers Have an Association With Local Representatives Everywhere, Who Map Out Work for Experts to Complete.

The people of Wayne county, just over the border of Stark, are convinced that an organized band of plunderers is flourishing in their midst. The events of last week, including especially during robberies at West Lebanon and Mt. Hope, confirm this belief.

On Monday night the postoffice safe at Mt. Hope was cracked and \$300 in money, and notes, papers and postoffice supplies to the amount of \$400, were stolen. The village hardware store was also entered and many valuable articles removed.

The following Thursday night at 1:45 o'clock Postmaster Martin S. Card, who also conducts a large general store at West Lebanon, was awakened from his slumbers by a dull explosion, and upon investigating the cause thereof discovered that his safe had been blown open and \$125 in money, \$25.12 in postage stamps, and promissory notes aggregating \$500 removed therefrom.

The perpetrators of the deed were traced as far as Orrville and then all trace of them was lost as completely as though the earth had swallowed them up.

The day following a citizen of Bolivar called on Mr. Card and told him that a few nights before Township Clerk Kiel's safe had been dynamited and \$365 belonging to the township stolen.

Scarcely had the man left the store we sympathizing Wilnot friends called on him, and before leaving told him of a very bold robbery which had taken place at the Lentz woolen mills. There came intelligence of numerous minor burglaries which had occurred at the surrounding farm houses, and if one were to drive through Wayne county villages today, he would find the residents busily engaged in placing new locks on their doors, and in constructing burglar alarms.

When matters had somewhat calmed down men and women alike began to ponder over the recent events and it wasn't long before this finger of suspicion pointed directly at two worthy personages who reside near West Lebanon, who without having any visible means of support never lack funds and apparently live on the fat of the land. Then a man came forward who said that one dark night he had seen the two persons in question in company with a third man holding a consultation at a secluded spot in the woods. A night or two afterwards a robbery took place and the citizens may now draw their own conclusions. The arrival of a stranger in West Lebanon always creates more or less of a commotion and at the present time it is advisable not to pay too much attention to the hinges and locks of the village grocery's door as you enter for the villagers have become over cautious and all new comers are regarded with suspicion.

Mr. Card thinks that the gang has its rendezvous in the vicinity of Orrville and has agents in every town, and that the two shady characters already referred to are its local representatives. This corresponds with the opinion of Obediah Morgan, the village saloon keeper, who thinks that the resident delegation gets the lay of the land and the experts do the work.

Over in Mt. Eaton the residents' thoughts run in a similar channel, and many inquiring glances are cast in the direction of divers persons whose modes of gaining a livelihood are said to be more interesting than honorable. Postmaster Edward Rotch has taken extra precautions in regard to Uncle Sam's valuables, and he lives in dread lest he may be the next to receive a call.

The citizens of those towns have become so thoroughly worked up that there is much talk of organizing a posse to be in readiness to leave at any time. Neither of these villages are connected by railway, Orrville being the nearest point, and a good rider and a fleet horse could do much toward capturing the desperadoes if put upon their trail.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Items of Interest Concerning Educational Matters.

W. W. Johnson, architect of the State street school building, is in the city.

Contractor Curley says the building will be ready for occupancy by the first of the year.

A branch of the C. L. S. C. has been organized at Navarre.

At their meeting on Wednesday afternoon the Massillon teachers resolved to take up the O. G. R. C. work for the year, and Supt. Jones, William Johns, Miss Wiseman, Miss Pepper and Miss Dessie Graybill were appointed to outline the work. Charles Snively was elected treasurer.

Dr. J. J. Burns, of Canton, lectured before the Canal Fulton high school last Friday afternoon.

Twenty of the seniors at Wooster University are taking pedagogy as one of the electives. They recite to Charles Haupt, superintendent of the public schools.

The average school boy would rather go a nutting than to school these fine October days. Who can blame him for his choice?

Stuart Bagleson, who represents Ginn & Co.'s publishing house, is in the city.

An act of the Florida legislature making it a penal offense and imposing a fine from \$150 to \$200, for persons who patronize or teach schools in which white persons and negroes are instructed or boarded in the same building, or taught by the same teacher at the same time, went into effect on September 1. Shaune on Florida.

DRAWING IN THE SCHOOLS.

The most enlightened and earnest advocates of elementary art education in the public schools are agreed that the prime purpose of drawing is for the benefit of the masses, and should not only foster aesthetic culture but should aid the wage earner. To accomplish this

object, a three-fold purpose must underlie the methods pursued in its study, namely, mental development, added power in doing, and increased knowledge.

The course adopted by the Massillon board of education is divided into three main departments with reference to distinct branches of industry. First, geometric drawing; second, decorative drawing; third, pictorial drawing. The first includes the geometric problems, working drawings and patterns useful to the draftsman, architect, engineer or pattern designer. The second includes the study of historic ornament, botanical drawing, and designs useful to the decorative designer. The third includes picture making and illustrative sketching so useful to every teacher.

The course aims to acquaint pupils with the rudiments of all drawing, and points out the importance of each department, showing especially its work as a factor in mental development.

The geometric department trains the student in accuracy in measuring, exactness in ruling, and perfection in general execution. Its processes are mechanical, and the scale, rule and compasses are used.

The decorative department exercises the judgment of the pupils and cultivates their aesthetic taste. Its processes are both mechanical and free hand, according to the nature of the subject, and may be entirely free hand if the motive of the design is pictorial.

The pictorial department gives a knowledge of elementary pictorial art, based on the correct representation of geometric type solids according to principles of perspective, and the application of these same principles in the representation of other objects. It teaches artistic quality of line, which expresses variety in the qualities of objects, and also line shading, which expresses solidity. Its processes are always free hand. Much practice in drawing should accompany the regular lessons of the course, as facility and excellence in execution come only from faithful, persistent practice.

The perceptive faculties should be quickened to a keen discrimination of proportion, and the accurate observing of form and representing it should be stimulated, and held of first importance, while fineness of finish and character of the line are of secondary importance.

Practical and common-sense methods should be employed to obtain good results; peculiarities should be avoided; simplicity and truthfulness should be the aim, and pupils should learn to draw by drawing. The paper folding is done in the lower grades as the work progresses during the year, making their own models from patterns furnished with the drawing books and is based on the principle underlying such construction of all regular plane geometric figures. It is simple, and within the comprehension of very young children, dealing with the concrete rather than the abstract thing, and inasmuch as it takes very little time many trials can be had in one lesson. Again these exercises will be found to be very valuable in making patterns for the designs in colored papers, taking the place of the decorative drawing in the higher grades. To be brief the entire course leads to manual training which is so highly recommended by the best educators in this country.

The Shakers have made a great hit. Their Digestive Cordial is said to be the successful remedy for stomach troubles ever introduced. It immediately relieves all pain and distress after eating, builds up the feeble system and makes the weak strong.

The fact is, foods properly digested are better than so-called tonics. The Cordial not only contains food already digested, but is a digester of other foods. Food that is not digested does more harm than good. People who use the Cordial insure the digestion of what food they eat and in this way get the benefit of it and grow strong.

The little pamphlets which the Shakers have sent druggists for free distribution, contain much interesting information on the subject of dyspepsia.

Laxol is not a mixture of drugs. It is nothing but Castor Oil made palatable.

If your children are subject to croup watch for the first symptom of the disease—hoarseness. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse it will prevent the attack. Even after the croupy cough has appeared the attack can always be prevented by giving this remedy. It is also invaluable for colds and whooping cough. For sale by Saltsman Drug Co.

ST. VITUS DANCE.

A Physician Prescribes Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.: My daughter Maria, aged 14, was afflicted last spring with St. Vitus dance and nervousness, her entire right side was numb and nearly paralyzed. We consulted a physician and he prescribed Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

Physicians prescribe Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine because they are known to be the result of the long practice and experience of one of the brightest members of their profession and are carefully compounded by experienced chemists in exact accordance with Dr. Miles' directions as used in his practice.

On the 2nd of August, 1900, we received a letter from the Elkhart and Elkhart, Ind. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

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Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

10 HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

The Saltsman Drug Co., Massillon, O.

\$2.50 TO CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO.

Via "O & B. LINE" commencing with opening of navigation (about April 1st.) Magnificent side wheel steamers.

"State of Ohio" and "State of New York." DAILY TIME TABLE, SUNDAY INCLUDED. LV Cleveland, 6:00 P. M. LV Buffalo, 6:30 P. M. Ar. Buffalo, 7:30 A. M. Ar. Cleveland, 7:30 A. M.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME. Take the "O & B. Line" steamers and enjoy a refreshing night's rest when en route to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, New York, Boston, Albany, 1,000 Islands, or any Eastern or Canadian port.

Cheap Excursions Weekly to Niagara Falls. Send 4 cents postage for tourist pamphlet. W. F. HERMAN, Gen'l Pass. Agt. T. F. NEWMAN, Gen'l Manager. CLEVELAND, O.

CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO.

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Manufacturers' Exchange,

Real Estate Exchange,

Advertising Exchange.

50 South Erie Street. Massillon, O.

Real Estate { BUILDING LOTS, RESIDENCE and BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Easy Terms.

General Agent { Farm and Mill Machinery and Supplies. Manufactured Specialties and Novelties. Agents and Canvassers Supplies.

State Agent { OFFICE SUPPLIES. Brooks & Daugherty Visible Writing Typewriters. American Granotoid Co.—Contracts for Concrete Work.

Local Agent { Ohio Nat. Building and Loan Co., Loans and Investments; Penn. Mutual Life Ins. Co., Insurance & Loans. Employers Liability Co. Factory and Accident Insurance.

Sole Proprietor { Advertising Exchange. Newspaper, Magazine and Circular advertising. Advertising Novelties, Lithographic work, Souvenirs, Calendars &c. Circulars, Signs and Samples Distributed.

Salesmen, Agents, Canvassers & Distributors Wanted Everywhere. Write for information or call on

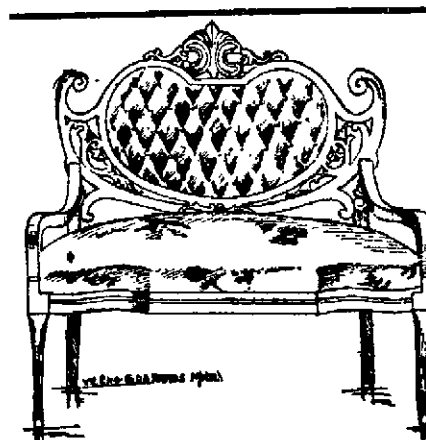
JAMES R. DUNN, Manager,

THE INDEPENDENT contains the cream of the Court News. Now is the time to subscribe,

We Challenge the World

To compete against our prices for good and honest Furniture, Carpets and Stoves.

Fall trade has started already, but not before we were ready, for we are always in the lead, even in the matter of preparation. New designs in handsome furniture, New styles in Carpets. Come and see them. Come whether you are ready to buy or not. Come and get posted.



Closing Out Parlor Suites.

Handsome Turkish Silk Broc. \$75.00

Handsome Turkish Silk Broc. 45.00

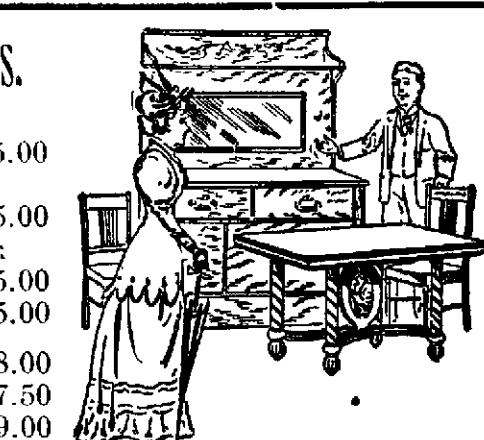
Handsome Mah. Frame French Silk 65.00

Handsom Oak frame plush 35.00

COUCHES tapistry 8.00

30 in. wide spring edge 7.50

plush 9.00



A SILVER MANIFESTO.

Thurman's Committee Appeals to the Democrats of Ohio.

SILVER MEN FOR LEGISLATORS.

Voters Asked to Support Candidates Who Will Pledge Themselves to a Silverite for the United States Senate—Other Pledges Also Urged.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 8.—The silver Democratic state central committee, of which A. W. Thurman is chairman and W. W. Durbin secretary, has issued an address to the Democrats of Ohio, urging concerted action looking to the control of the next national Democratic convention. The address concludes as follows:

"The functions of the government of the United States are distinct and separate from those of the states. Matters of tariff taxation and coinage are functions of the United States which the states have nothing directly to do. The support of every Democrat is therefore due to the state ticket. But members of the legislature who are to be chosen and who will elect a member of the United States senate, and who will have to vote directly upon the monetary question, and as a very critical stage of it, should be uncompromisingly pledged, if they are elected as members of the general assembly, to vote, first, in favor of an open party caucus for the naming of a United States senator; second, against a secret ballot in caucuses; and third, against the selection of any man who is not in favor of the free coinage of both gold and silver into full legal tender money by the United States alone without regard to the action of any other country. To this end we ask your cordial co-operation and assistance."

ROW AMONG GLASS MEN.

Manufacturers Trying to Keep the Jobbers From Organizing.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 8.—The glass manufacturers of the country are in secret session here at the Hollenden and a meeting of the glass jobbers is also being held. It is understood that the object of the meeting on the part of the manufacturers is to seek to prevent the jobbers from organizing. Recently the glass manufacturers organized a series of so-called trusts. They were then in a position to dictate the amount of commission to be paid the jobber. It is claimed the terms the manufacturers laid down were so severe that the jobbers decided to protest and accordingly called the conference and decided to meet at the same time. It is probable some interesting developments will occur as a result of the meetings. Representatives of both organizations are here from all over the United States.

THE TRIAL OF DURRANT.

The Programme For Its Completion Outlined—The Eleventh Week Opens.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 8.—The eleventh week of the Durrant trial opened today. The defense will make a final struggle to break down the testimony of the prosecution—a process which is expected to last three days longer. A few more students will be called to the stand, several additional citizens will testify to Durrant's excellent reputation, and then the defendant himself will be called to the witness stand. It is the intention of the defense to have Durrant recount the history of his adventures on April 10, from the time he accompanied Blanche Lamont to school until the hour when he retired to rest in his father's house. It is understood that the defendant's testimony will be guardedly given for the purpose of shutting off cross-examination by the district attorney. Under the law as laid down by the supreme court of the state a witness cannot be cross-examined except upon actual matters brought out upon direct examination. The defense intends to leave no loopholes for the attack of the prosecution. A schedule of time for the close of the trial is as follows:

On Thursday Attorney Deuprey will close the case for the defense; Friday and Monday will be occupied by District Attorney Barnes in rebuttal. Tuesday will be passed in further rebuttal; on Wednesday the opening argument of the prosecution will be made, and Thursday, Friday and Monday the closing efforts of the defense will be made. The next day the district attorney will close for the prosecution. It is confidently expected that Judge Murphy will charge the jury not later than the morning of Wednesday, Oct. 23.

MILLIKEN WAS DRUNK.

He Explains His Presence in the House of Judge Phillips.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Benjamin H. Milliken of Tennessee, who is here to stand trial on charges of feloniously entering the house of ex-Solicitor General Phillips of North Carolina, and attempting an assault on Judge Phillips' daughter July 4 last, has told his side of the story for the first time.

He says that he entered Judge Phillips' house on the evening named and gave his card to the servant, who carried it upstairs. He had been drinking heavily all day, and had a bottle of whisky in his pocket. From which he took a drink during the absence of the servant. He immediately lost consciousness, and when he regained his senses found himself in a strange room. In his desire to escape quietly and without recognition, he turned his hat and coat inside out and removed his shoes.

Ten More Bodies Recovered.

HAVANA, Oct. 8.—The government has increased from \$5,000 to \$75,000 its subscription to the fund to assist the sufferers from the cyclone and flood in Vuelta Abajo. The bodies of ten more victims of the flood have been recovered.

MUST INAUGURATE REFORM.

Great Britain Says Riots in Constantinople Don't Change the Situation

LONDON, Oct. 8.—It is officially stated that the recent disturbances at Constantinople will not stop the negotiations which Great Britain and the powers are carrying on with the Turkish government looking to reform in the administration of Armenia. A Vienna special says: The Politische Correspondenz publishes the note which the representatives of the powers at Constantinople have addressed to the Porte drawing attention to the state of affairs and advising the Porte to adopt measures for the restoration of order. The note says that the subscribers have their information partly from eye witnesses, and that it shows that private persons who were arrested were beaten and were even killed, without the police attempting to prevent it; that orderly persons were attacked and that those who were wounded were taken to the courts, to the police stations and to the prisons and were killed in cold blood.

A Constantinople special says: There is one feature of the police work which is attracting considerable attention. It is frequently recalled that the gendarmes while making arrests repeatedly told the persons taken into custody to "Call upon England to deliver you." Those who know the way of Turkish officials say that this shows that the police were instructed to impress upon the minds of the Armenians that Great Britain was unable or unwilling to assist them in this emergency.

Will Resume Evolutions.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—The North Atlantic squadron will go to sea again in a few days from the Chesapeake bay to resume evolutions.

Fire Chiefs' Convention.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 8.—The convention of international fire chiefs is in session in Augusta.

No matter what your trade maybe an herbalist or hatter, Or something else, I say to thee If you have bought the matter, Don't take the old style liver pills. That rather cause than cure your ills; but take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, for they are very small and pleasant to take and are prompt and effective in their operation. They cure indigestion, sick headache, biliousness, disordered liver and habitual constipation.

Glad Tidings

The grand specific for the prevailing malady of the age, dyspepsia, liver complaint, rheumatism, costiveness, general debility, etc., is Bacon's Celery King for the nerves. This great herbal tonic stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver and restores the system to vigorous health and energies. Samples free. Large packages 50c and 25c. Sold by McCuen, 15 West Main street.

The Darling, Wis., Journal says editorially of a popular patent medicine: "We know from experience that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is all that is claimed for it, as on two occasions it stopped excruciating pains and possibly saved us from an untimely grave. We would not rest easy over night without it in the house." This remedy undoubtedly saves more pain and suffering than any other medicine in the world. Every family should keep it in the house, for it is sure to be needed sooner or later. For sale by Saltsman Drug Co.

The INDEPENDENT Co. prints report cards just the way the teacher wants them.

If Troubled With Rheumatism Read This. ANNAPOLIS, Md., Apr. 16, 1894.—I have used Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism and found it to be all that is claimed for it. I believe it to be the best preparation for rheumatism and deep seated muscular pains on the market and cheerfully recommend it to the public. JNO. G. BROOKS, dealer in boots, shoes, etc., No. 18 Main St.

ALSO READ THIS. MECHANICVILLE, St. Mary county, Md.—I sold a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm to a man who had been suffering with rheumatism for several years. It made him a well man. A. J. McGUIRE. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by Saltsman Drug Co.

Bill heads, note heads, letter heads and envelopes artistically printed on short notice at the INDEPENDENT office.

Lightning Hot Drops

Breaks Up a Cold, CURER LA GRIPE.

Cures pains of all kinds. There's nothing "just as good."

Tastes Good. Smells Good.

25c. and 50c. per bottle. 50c. sizes 2 1/2 times larger than 25c. Sold everywhere.

HERB MEDICINE CO., SPRINGFIELD, O.



DO NOT FORGET TONSILINE

When you or yours have Sore Throat,

Sore Mouth, or Tonsilitis

It cures quickly. 25 and 50 cents. TONSILINE SAVES DOLLARS and LIVES

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whisky nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer, and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. 50 cents per bottle at Baltzly's drug store.

This nineteenth century is conspicuous in history as an epoch of marvelous advancement. Steamships, railways, telegraph and many of the achievements of this grand era. Right abreast with the wonderful improvements in science and art is the not less remarkable progress in the medical world as exemplified in so efficient and powerful a restorative as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery accomplishing so speedily what formerly was considered impossible. It will not restore sight to a blind eye nor insure a healthy circulation in a wooden leg—but consumption—in its earlier stages, yields to it!

Mr. James H. Chenoweth, of Oak, Nuckolls Co., Neb., wrote Dr. Pierce as follows: "In June, 1890, I was taken with the grip and began soon after to cough up a hard substance, sometimes the lumps would be half as large as a coffee berry. The physicians said I had consumption in the worst form, but they did me no good. I then took 'Golden Medical Discovery' and it has now been one year since I coughed or expectorated any hard substance. Besides I weigh more than I ever did in my life."

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thomas Eggers, 189 Florida street, San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at Baltzly's drug store. Regular size 50c, and \$1.

If your children are subject to croup watch for the first symptom of the disease—hoarseness. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse it will prevent the attack. Even after the croupy cough has appeared the attack can always be prevented by giving this remedy. It is also invaluable for colds and whooping cough. For sale by Saltsman Drug Co.



A GREAT BIG PIECE OF BATTLE-AX PLUG FOR 10 CENTS

THE INDEPENDENT contains the cream of the Court News. Now is the time to subscribe.

TAXES FOR 1895.

Notice to Tax-Payers of Stark County.

In pursuance of law, I hereby notify the Tax-payers of Stark County that the rates of Taxation for the year 1895 are correctly stated in the following Tables, showing the amount of Tax levied on each dollar of valuation of taxable property, as charged upon the Tax Duplicate of said County, for the year of 1895:

TOWNSHIPS	STATE	COUNTY	ROAD	TOWN-SHIP	SCHOOL	SUNDRY SPECIAL	POOR	DEC. RATE	JUNE RATE	TOTAL
Bethlehem	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Canton	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Jackson	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Lake	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Lawrence	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Lexington	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Marlboro	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Nimishillen	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Osnaburg	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Paris	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Perry	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Platte	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Plain	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Sandy	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Sandusky	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Tuscarawas	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Washington	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

CORPORATION AND SPECIAL SCHOOL	STATE	COUNTY	ROAD	TOWN-SHIP	CORPORATION	SCHOOL	POOR	DEC. RATE	JUNE RATE	TOTAL
Albion	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Beach City	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Canton	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Canal Fulton	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Celina	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Greentown	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Hoshtetter	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Lima	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Louisville	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Magnolia	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Marlboro	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Massillon	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Minerva	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
MT. Union, Washington Tp.	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Mapleton	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Naselle	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
New Berlin	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
New Franklin	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Osnaburg	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Plain	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Waynesburg	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Willott	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
West Brookfield	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

STATE RATE.	COUNTY RATE.	TOTAL.
Ohio State University	10	10
General Revenue	10	10
State Comm'n School	10	10
Sinking Fund	10	10
Total	2	7 1/2

The Treasurer's office will be open between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m., from the 1st day of October to the 20th day of December, 1895, and from the 1st day of April to the 20th day of June, 1896, for the purpose of receiving the taxes charged on the Tax Duplicate for the year 1895.

The law declares that "each person" charged with taxes on the Tax Duplicate in the hands of a County Treasurer charged on the 20th day of December, or on or before the 20th day of June next ensuing, but all road taxes shall be paid prior to the 20th day of December.

The time being limited by law when the Treasurer and Auditor must make their settlement, and the Treasurer pay over the money to the proper authorities, the taxpayers are hereby notified that the Delinquent List will be made up immediately after the 20th day of December, and the taxes collected according to the following section of the Revised Statutes: SECTION 1094. When one-half of the taxes as aforesaid charged against any entry on the Tax Duplicate in the hands of the County Treasurer, is not paid before the 20th day of December next after the same has been so charged, or when the remainder of such taxes is not paid on or before the 20th day of June next thereafter, the County Treasurer shall proceed to collect the same by distress or otherwise, together WITH THE PENALTY OF FIVE PER CENT. on the amount of taxes so delinquent; and in all cases where such half of any taxes, other than real estate, has not been paid on the 20th of December, the whole amount of taxes, other than real estate for the current year so charged, shall be due and delinquent, and shall be collected in the manner and with the penalty provided in this Section.

When you ask by letter or postal card for the amount of your taxes, designate your property clearly. State in whose name, in what Township and Section, and Number of Acres, in what Town and Number of Lot. Send stamp for answer. Send money by Certificate of Deposit, Post Office Money Order, Registered Letter or Express. All checks taken at sender's risk.

While every effort will be made to accommodate all parties paying taxes, taxpayers are urgently requested to call early and pay their taxes and thus save themselves, as well as the Treasurer, a great deal of time and trouble, and prevent the disagreeable rush at the close of the season.

To insure a prompt answer all inquiries regarding taxes made by letter, should be forwarded prior to December, 10th and June 10th. JACOB GEIE, Treasurer of Stark County, Ohio. Treasurer's office, Canton, Stark Co., O., October 1, 1895.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, scalds, chapped hands, chilblains, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 50c. per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed Administrator with will annexed, of the estate of Peter Thiel, late of Stark County, Ohio, deceased.

Dated the 7th day of October, 1895. J. M. MYERS, Administrator with will annexed.

Attachment Notice.

John Sheehan, Plaintiff, vs. The Stacey Manufacturing Company, Defendants. Before G. G. Paul, Justice of the Peace of Stark County, Ohio. On the 18th day of September, 1895, said Justice issued an order of attachment in the above action, for the sum of Fourteen dollars and 10 cents.

Election Proclamation.

NOTICE is hereby given to the qualified electors of Stark County, Ohio, that they meet at the usual places of holding elections in their respective townships, wards and precincts, on

Tuesday, November 5, 1895.

then and there to elect, by ballot, according to the constitution and laws of Ohio, the following State, District and County Officers: One person for Governor. One person for Lieutenant Governor. One person for Auditor of State. One person for Judge of Supreme Court. One person for Attorney General. One person for Clerk of Supreme Court. One person for Treasurer of State. One person for Board of Public Works. One person for Circuit Court Judge, (for unexpired term of Judge John W. Jennings). One person for Judge of Common Pleas Court. One person for State Senator 21st District. One person for Sheriff. One person for Clerk of Courts. One person for Auditor. One person for Commissioner. One person for Intermittent Director. One person for Surveyor. Two persons for Representatives. Given under my hand and the seal of said County, this 24th day of October, A. D. 1895. HIRSH DOLE, Sheriff of Stark County, Ohio.

Legal Notice.

In the matter of application of "The American Patent Glass and Flower Bottle Manufacturing Co.," for change of name. On September 13, 1895, B. F. Roese, C. E. Myers, L. H. Spoor, R. C. and J. M. Myers, as the duly elected and acting members of the Board of Directors of the above named incorporated company, filed their petition in the court of common pleas of Stark County, Ohio, therein asking and praying for the change of name of said incorporated company to that of "The American Vase Manufacturing Co.," and for all other proper relief. The application upon said petition will be heard at the September term of said court.

Times for Holding Circuit Court, A. D. 1896

STATE OF OHIO. FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. It is ordered that the terms of the Circuit Court of the Fifth Judicial Circuit in said circuit for the year 1896, be held as follows, to-wit: Fairfield County, on the 7th day of January and the 28th of September. Gallia County, on the 21st day of January and the 15th day of September. Wayne County, on the 11th day of February and the 28th day of September. Knox County, on the 17th day of March and the 10th day of October. Licking County, on the 24th day of March and the 13th day of October. Morgan County, on the 21st day of April and the 28th day of November. Coshocton County, on the 12th day of May and the 4th day of November. Ashland County, on the 5th day of May and the 10th day of November. Holmes County, on the 2nd day of June and the 15th day of November. Tuscarawas County, on the 19th day of May and the 23rd day of October. Perry County, on the 25th day of April and the 1st day of December. Morrow County, on the 9th day of June and the 8th day of December. Delaware County, on the 16th day of June and the 13th day of December. Said terms to begin at 10 o'clock a. m. JOHN W. JENNERS, JUDITH C. POMERENE, JOHN J. ADAMS, Judges. THE STATE OF OHIO. FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. STARK COUNTY, SS: I, Oliver M. Coxen, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Fifth Judicial Circuit, within said county of Stark, certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the written order fixing the time of the commencement of each term of the Circuit Court in each County in said Fifth Judicial Circuit for the year 1896. In witness whereof, I hereunto Given under my hand and the seal of said court, this 24th day of September, A. D. 1895. O. M. COXEN, Clerk.

DR. B. E. OTTMAN,

The Celebrated Specialist, of Columbus, O., will be at the Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Wednesday, Oct. 23. Office Hours from 9 a. m. to 6:00 p. m. One Day Only Each Month. No money required of responsible parties to commence treatment.



HE CURES AFTER OTHERS FAIL.

The Most Successful and Scientific Treatment of All Diseases and Weaknesses of Mankind Possible to Obtain.

The most widely and favorably known Specialist in the United States. His long experience, remarkable skill and universal success in the largest hospital in the world enables him to treat all CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN and BLOOD Diseases upon the latest scientific principles, and entitles him to the full confidence of the afflicted everywhere. DR. OTTMAN has no superior in diagnosing and curing all the diseases of the system, and the principles and methods of treatment that has never failed in thousands of cases that had been pronounced beyond hope. Many people most dear every year who might have been restored to perfect health and they placed their cases in the hands of experts.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. OTTMAN, after years of experience, has discovered the greatest cure known for all diseases peculiar to the sex. Female diseases positively cured by the new remedy, OLIVE BLOSSOM. The cure is effected by home treatment. Entirely harmless. Cases easily applied. Consultation Free and Strictly Confidential.

DR. OTTMAN operates successfully and gainfully for squint eyes, pterygium, iridectomy, turning in or out of eye lashes or lids, cataracts, and all other eye operations.

CHRONIC SORE EYES and granulated lids quickly cured. A CERTAIN AND POSITIVE CURE for the awful effects of early vice and the numerous evils that result therefrom.

PRIVATE BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES speedily, completely and permanently cured. SCALD HEAD, ECZEMA, and all other eruptions of the skin cured without pain or detention from business.

SYPHILIS, GONORRHEA, GLEET, Syphiloderma, Scum, Venereal Eruptions, Night Emissions, Decayed Facies, Female Weakness and all delicate disorders peculiar to either sex, positively cured, as well as functional disorders that result from youthful follies or the excess of mature years.

SPECIALTIES: Catarrh, Skin Diseases, Sores, Pimples, Scrofula, Blood Taints, Leucemia, Cancer, Piles and Diseases of Women quickly and Permanently Cured by the latest scientific treatment as pursued by leading Specialists of America and Europe.

FREE EXAMINATION OF THE URINE.—Each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring from 2 to 4 ounces of urine (the first voided in the morning) for chemical and microscopic examination, and if requested, a written analysis will be given. Persons ruined in health by unlearned pretenders, who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should apply immediately.

Wonderful Cures.—Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail receive the same careful and successful treatment as those who come in person. Confidential. Treatment sent C. O. D. to any part of U. S. List of 100 questions free. Address, with postage,

Dr. B. E. OTTMAN, 255 E. Broad st., Columbus, O.